## INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

14 SEER Single-Packaged Heat Pump System with R-410A Refrigerant Single Phase 2-5 Nominal Tons (Sizes 24-60) Three Phase 3-5 Nominal Tons (Sizes 36-60) PHD4 Series F and WPH4 Series B

**IMPORTANT**: Effective January 1, 2015, all split system and packaged air conditioners must be installed pursuant to applicable regional efficiency standards issued by the Department of Energy.

**NOTE**: Read the entire instruction manual before starting the installation.

**NOTE**: Installer: Make sure the Owner's Manual and Service Instructions are left with the unit after installation.

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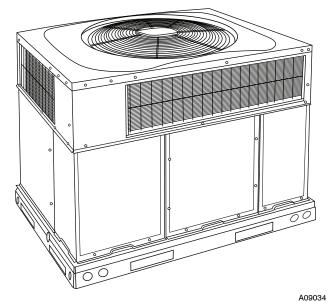


Fig. 1 - Unit PHD4 and WPH4 (Some units may vary in appearance)

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## **SAFETY CONSIDERATIONS**

Installation and servicing of this equipment can be hazardous due to mechanical and electrical components. Only trained and qualified personnel should install, repair, or service this equipment. Untrained personnel can perform basic maintenance functions such as cleaning and replacing air filters. All other operations must be performed by trained service personnel. When working on this equipment, observe precautions in the literature, on tags, and on labels attached to or shipped with the unit and other safety precautions that may apply.

Follow all safety codes. Wear safety glasses, protective clothing, and work gloves. Use quenching cloth for brazing operations. Have a fire extinguisher available. Read these instructions thoroughly and follow all warnings or cautions included in

literature and attached to the unit. Consult local building codes, the current editions of the National Electrical Code (NEC) NFPA 70.

In Canada refer to the current editions of the Canadian Electrical Code CSA C22.1.

Recognize safety information. This is the safety-alert symbol  $\triangle$ . When you see this symbol on the unit and in instructions or manuals, be alert to the potential for personal injury. Understand these signal words: DANGER, WARNING, and CAUTION. These words are used with the safety-alert symbol. DANGER identifies the most serious hazards which **will** result in severe personal injury or death. WARNING signifies hazards which **could** result in personal injury or death. CAUTION is used to identify unsafe practices which **may** result in minor personal injury or product and property damage. NOTE is used to highlight suggestions which **will** result in enhanced installation, reliability, or operation.

## **A** WARNING

#### ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury or death.

Before installing or servicing system, always turn off main power to system and install lockout tag. There may be more than one disconnect switch. Turn off accessory heater power switch if applicable.

## **A** CAUTION

#### **CUT HAZARD**

Failure to follow this caution may result in personal injury.

When removing access panels (see Fig. 23) or performing maintenance functions inside your unit, be aware of sharp sheet metal parts and screws. Although special care is taken to reduce sharp edges to a minimum, be extremely careful and wear appropriate clothing, safety glasses and gloves when handling parts or reaching into the unit.

## INTRODUCTION

This heat pump is fully self-contained and designed for outdoor installation. (See Fig. 1) Standard units are shipped in a horizontal-discharge configuration for installation on a ground level slab. Standard units can be converted to downflow (vertical) discharge configurations for rooftop applications.

## RECEIVING AND INSTALLATION

## **Step 1 — Check Equipment**

## **Identify Unit**

The unit model number and serial number are stamped on the unit identification plate. Check this information against shipping papers.

#### **Inspect Shipment**

Inspect for shipping damage before removing packaging material. If unit appears to be damaged or is torn loose from its anchorage, have it examined by transportation inspectors before removal. Forward claim papers directly to transportation company. Manufacturer is not responsible for any damage incurred in transit. Check all items against shipping list. Immediately notify the nearest equipment distributor if any item is missing. To prevent loss or damage, leave all parts in original packages until installation.

If the unit is to be mounted on a curb in a downflow application, review Step 5 to determine which method is to be used to remove

the downflow panels before rigging and lifting into place. The panel removal process may require the unit to be on the ground.

## Step 2 — Provide Unit Support

## **Roof Curb**

Install accessory roof curb in accordance with instructions shipped with curb (See Fig. 6). Install insulation, cant strips, roofing, and flashing. Ductwork must be attached to curb.

**IMPORTANT:** The gasketing of the unit to the roof curb is critical for a watertight seal. Install gasketing material supplied with the roof curb. Improperly applied gasketing also can result in air leaks and poor unit performance.

Curb should be level to within 1/4 in. (6 mm) (See Fig. 9). This is necessary for unit drain to function properly. Refer to accessory roof curb installation instructions for additional information as required.

## Installation on older "G" series roof curbs.

Two accessory kits are available to aid in installing a new "G" series unit on an old "G" roof curb.

- Accessory kit number CPADCURB001A00, (small chassis) and accessory kit number CPADCURB002A00, (large chassis) includes roof curb adapter and gaskets for the perimeter seal and duct openings. No additional modifications to the curb are required when using this kit.
- 2. An alternative to the adapter curb is to modify the existing curb by removing the outer horizontal flange and use accessory kit number CPGSKTKIT001A00 which includes spacer blocks (for easy alignment to existing curb) and gaskets for the perimeter seal and duct openings. This kit is used when existing curb is modified by removing outer horizontal flange.

## **A** CAUTION

## UNIT/STRUCTURAL DAMAGE HAZARD

Failure to follow this caution may result in property damage.

Ensure there is sufficient clearance for saw blade when cutting the outer horizontal flange of the roof curb so there is no damage to the roof or flashing.

## **Slab Mount**

Place the unit on a solid, level pad that is at least 2 in. (51 mm) above grade (See Fig. 10). The pad should extend approximately 2 in. (51 mm) beyond the casing on all 4 sides of the unit. Do not secure the unit to the pad except when required by local codes.

#### Step 3 — Provide Clearances

The required minimum service clearances are shown in Fig. 2 and 5. Adequate ventilation and outdoor air must be provided. The outdoor fan draws air through the outdoor coil and discharges it through the top fan grille. Be sure that the fan discharge does not recirculate to the outdoor coil. Do not locate the unit in either a corner or under an overhead obstruction. The minimum clearance under a partial overhang (such as a normal house overhang) is 48 in. (1219 mm) above the unit top. The maximum horizontal extension of a partial overhang must not exceed 48 in. (1219 mm).

**IMPORTANT**: Do not restrict outdoor airflow. An air restriction at either the outdoor-air inlet or the fan discharge may be detrimental to compressor life.

Do not place the unit where water, ice, or snow from an overhang or roof will damage or flood the unit. Do not install the unit on carpeting or other combustible materials. Slab-mounted units should be at least 2 in. (51 mm) above the highest expected water and runoff levels. Do not use unit if it has been under water.

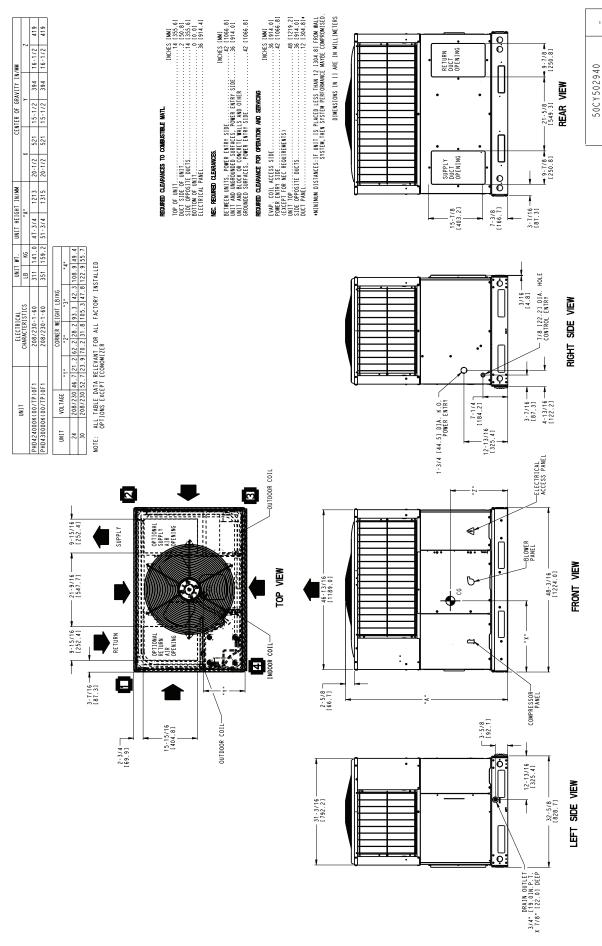


Fig. 2 - PHD4 24-30 Unit Dimensions

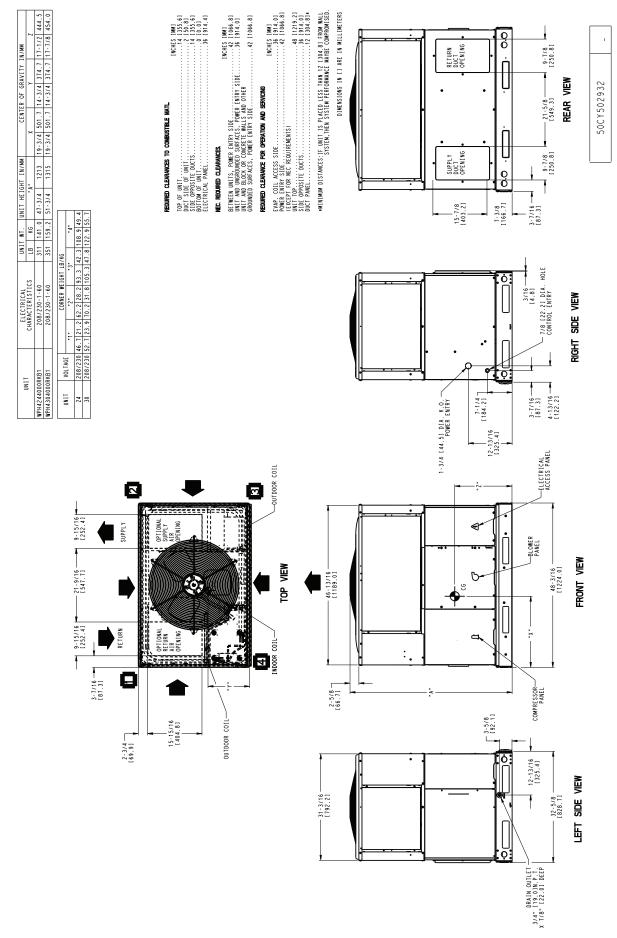


Fig. 3 - WPH4 24-30 Unit Dimensions

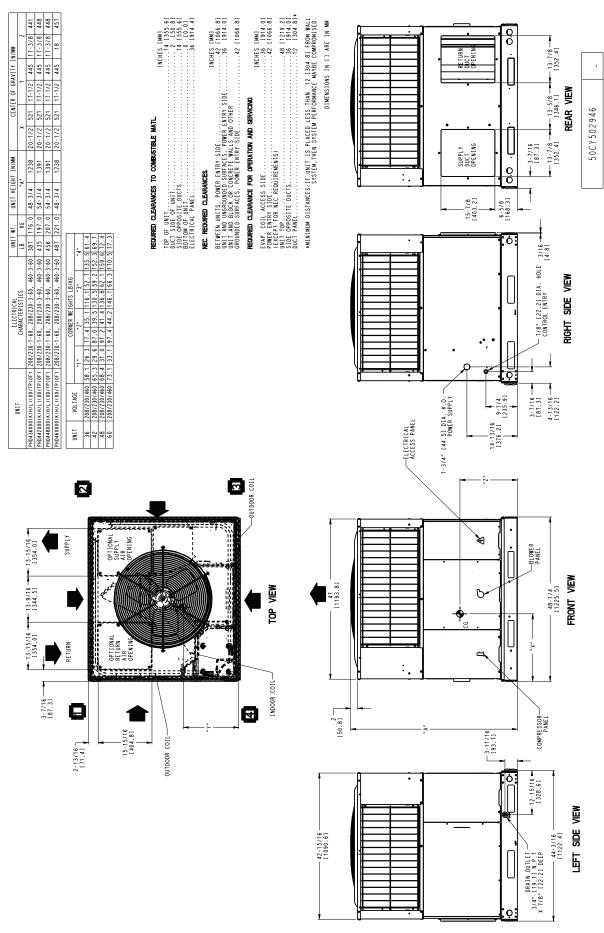


Fig. 4 - PHD4 36-60 Unit Dimensions

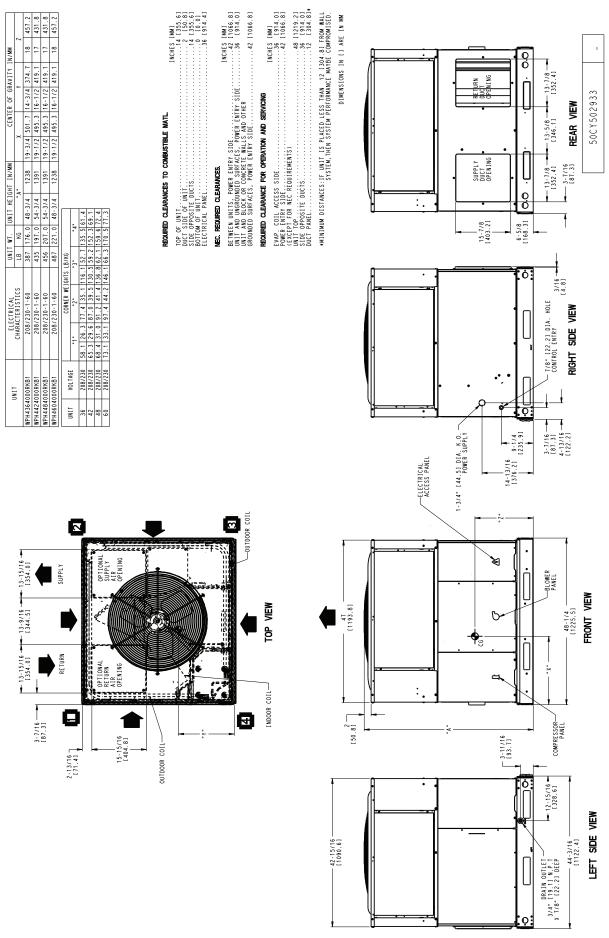


Fig. 5 - WPH4 36-60 Unit Dimensions

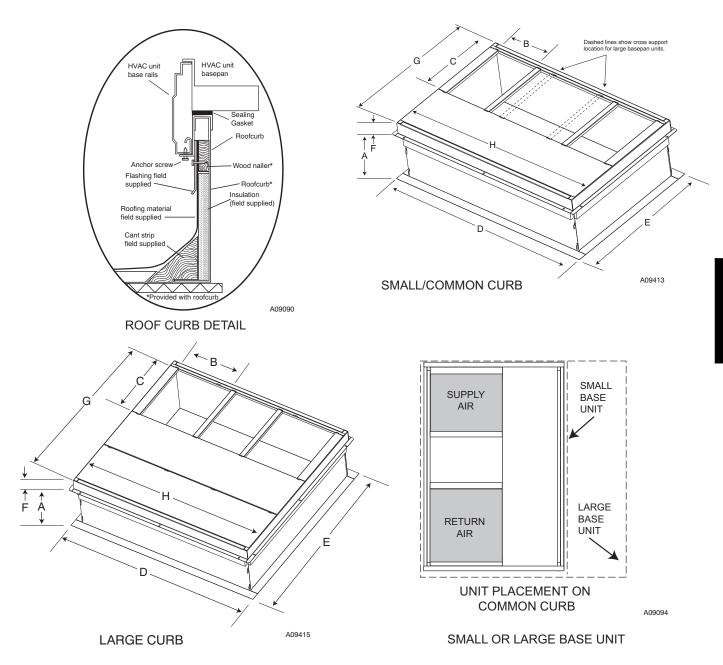


Fig. 6 - Roof Curb Dimensions

|   | INIT               | CATALOG<br>NUMBER | A<br>IN.<br>(mm) | B (small/common<br>base)<br>IN. (mm)* | B (large base)<br>IN. (mm)* | C<br>IN.<br>(mm) | D<br>IN. (mm) | E<br>IN. (mm) | F<br>IN.<br>(mm) | G<br>IN. (mm) | H<br>IN. (mm) |
|---|--------------------|-------------------|------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------|---------------|---------------|------------------|---------------|---------------|
|   | mall<br>or<br>arge | CPRFCURB011A00    | 14 (356)         | 10 (254)                              | 14 (356)                    | 16 (406)         | 47.8 (1214)   | 32.4 (822)    | 2.7 (69)         | 30.6 (778)    | 46.1 (1170)   |
| L | arge               | CPRFCURB013A00    | 14 (356)         | 14 (356)                              | 1                           |                  |               | 43.9 (1116)   |                  | 42.2 (1072)   |               |

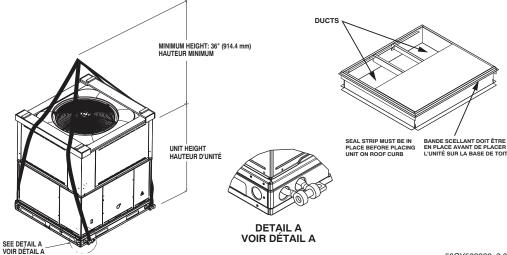
<sup>\*</sup> Part Number CPRCURB011A00 can be used on both small and large basepan units. The cross supports must be located based on whether the unit is a small basepan or a large basepan.

- 1. Roof curb must be set up for unit being installed.
- 2. Seal strip must be applied, as required, to unit being installed.
- 3. Roof curb is made of 16-gauge steel.
- 4. Attach ductwork to curb (flanges of duct rest on curb).
- 5. Insulated panels: 1-in. (25 mm) thick fiberglass 1 lb. density.

# ▲ CAUTION - NOTICE TO RIGGERS ▲ PRUDENCE - AVIS AUX MANIPULATEUR

ACCESS PANELS MUST BE IN PLACE WHEN RIGGING.
PANNEAUX D'ACCES DOIT ÊTRE EN PLACE POUR MANIPULATION.

Use top skid as spreader bar. / Utiliser la palette du haut comme barre de répartition



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| RIGGING           | WEIGHTS | S (SMALL | CABINE | T)  |                   |     | RIGGIN | G WEIGH | TS (LARG | E CABINE | T)  |     |     |
|-------------------|---------|----------|--------|-----|-------------------|-----|--------|---------|----------|----------|-----|-----|-----|
| Unit              | 2       | 4        | 3      | 0   | Unit              | 3   | 6      | 4       | 2        | 4        | 8   | 6   | 0   |
| Oilit             | lb      | kg       | lb     | kg  | Oliit             | lb  | kg     | lb      | kg       | lb       | kg  | lb  | kg  |
| Rigging<br>Weight | 365     | 166      | 395    | 179 | Rigging<br>Weight | 440 | 200    | 475     | 215      | 500      | 227 | 515 | 234 |

NOTE: See dimensional drawing for corner weight distribution.

Fig. 7 - Rigging Weights

## Step 4 — Rig and Place Unit

Rigging and handling of this equipment can be hazardous for many reasons due to the installation location (roofs, elevated structures, etc.).

Only trained, qualified crane operators and ground support staff should handle and install this equipment.

When working with this equipment, observe precautions in the literature, on tags, stickers, and labels attached to the equipment, and any other safety precautions that might apply.

Training for operators of the lifting equipment should include, but not be limited to, the following:

- Application of the lifter to the load, and adjustment of the lifts to adapt to various sizes or kinds of loads.
- 2. Instruction in any special operation or precaution.
- Condition of the load as it relates to operation of the lifting kit, such as balance, temperature, etc.

Follow all applicable safety codes. Wear safety shoes and work gloves.

## **Inspection**

Prior to initial use, and at monthly intervals, all rigging shackles, clevis pins, and straps should be visually inspected for any damage, evidence of wear, structural deformation, or cracks. Particular attention should be paid to excessive wear at hoist hooking points and load support areas. Materials showing any kind of wear in these areas must not be used and should be discarded.

## **A** WARNING

## UNIT FALLING HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury or death.

Never stand beneath rigged units or lift over people.

 Leave top shipping skid on the unit for use as a spreader bar to prevent the rigging straps from damaging the unit. If the skid is not available, use a spreader bar of sufficient length to protect the unit from damage.

## **A** WARNING

#### PROPERTY DAMAGE HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury or death.

When straps are taut, the clevis should be a minimum of 36 in. (914 mm) above the unit top cover.

## Rigging/Lifting of Unit (See Fig. 7)

Lifting holes are provided in base rails as shown.

- 1. Attach shackles, clevis pins, and straps to the base rails of the unit. Be sure materials are rated to hold the weight of the unit (See Fig. 7).
- Attach a clevis of sufficient strength in the middle of the straps. Adjust the clevis location to ensure unit is lifted level with the ground.

After the unit is placed on the roof curb or mounting pad, remove the top skid.

## Step 5 — Select and Install Ductwork

The design and installation of the duct system must be in accordance with the standards of the NFPA for installation of non-residence type air conditioning and ventilating systems, NFPA 90A or residence-type, NFPA 90B and/or local codes and ordinances.

Select and size ductwork, supply-air registers, and return air grilles according to ASHRAE (American Society of Heating, Refrigeration, and Air Conditioning Engineers) recommendations. The unit has duct flanges on the supply- and return-air openings on the side of the unit.

## **A** WARNING

## PERSONAL INJURY HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury or death.

For vertical supply and return units, tools or parts could drop into ductwork Install a 90 degree turn in the return ductwork between the unit and the conditioned space. If a 90 degree elbow cannot be installed, then a grille of sufficient strength and density should be installed to prevent objects from falling into the conditioned space. Units with electric heaters require 90 degree elbow in supply duct.

When designing and installing ductwork, consider the following:

- All units should have field-supplied filters or accessory filter rack installed in the return-air side of the unit. Recommended sizes for filters are shown in Table 1.
- Avoid abrupt duct size increases and reductions. Abrupt change in duct size adversely affects air performance.

**IMPORTANT**: Use flexible connectors between ductwork and unit to prevent transmission of vibration. Use suitable gaskets to ensure weather tight and airtight seal. When electric heat is installed, use fireproof canvas (or similar heat resistant material) connector between ductwork and unit discharge connection. If flexible duct is used, insert a sheet metal sleeve inside duct. Heat resistant duct connector (or sheet metal sleeve) must extend 24-in. (610 mm) from electric heater element.

- Size ductwork for cooling air quantity (cfm). The minimum air quantity for proper electric heater operation is listed in Table 2. Heater limit switches may trip at air quantities below those recommended.
- 4. Seal, insulate, and weatherproof all external ductwork. Seal, insulate and cover with a vapor barrier all ductwork passing through conditioned spaces. Follow latest Sheet Metal and Air Conditioning Contractors National Association (SMACNA) and Air Conditioning Contractors Association (ACCA) minimum installation standards for residential heating and air conditioning systems.
- Secure all ducts to building structure. Flash, weatherproof, and vibration-isolate duct openings in wall or roof according to good construction practices.

## CONFIGURING UNITS FOR DOWNFLOW (VERTICAL) DISCHARGE

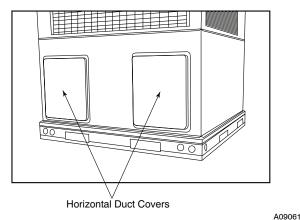
## **A** WARNING

#### ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury or death.

Before performing service or maintenance operations on the system, turn off main power to unit and install lockout tag. There may be more than one disconnect switch.

- Open all electrical disconnects and install lockout tag before starting any service work.
- Remove horizontal (metal) ductovers to access vertical (downflow) discharge duct knockouts in unit basepan. (See Fig. 8.)
- To remove downflow return and supply knockout covers, break front and right side connecting tabs with a screwdriver and hammer. Push cover down to break rear and left side tabs.



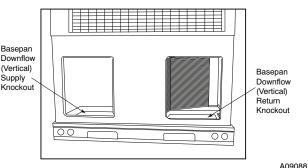


Fig. 8 - Supply and Return Duct Opening

**NOTE**: These panels are held in place with tabs similar to an electrical knockout. Reinstall horizontal duct covers (Fig. 8) shipped on unit from factory. Insure openings are air and watertight.

**NOTE**: The design and installation of the duct system must be in accordance with the standards of the NFPA for installation of nonresidence-type air conditioning and ventilating systems, NFPA 90A or residence-type, NFPA 90B; and/or local codes and ordinances.

Adhere to the following criteria when selecting, sizing, and installing the duct system:

- 1. Units are shipped for side shot installation.
- Select and size ductwork, supply-air registers, and return-air grilles according to American Society of Heating, Refrigeration and Air Conditioning Engineers (ASHRAE) recommendations.

- Use flexible transition between rigid ductwork and unit to prevent transmission of vibration. The transition may be screwed or bolted to duct flanges. Use suitable gaskets to ensure weather-tight and airtight seal.
- 4. All units must have field-supplied filters or accessory filter rack installed in the return-air side of the unit. Recommended sizes for filters are shown in Table 1.
- Size all ductwork for maximum required airflow (either heating or cooling) for unit being installed. Avoid abrupt duct size increases or decreases or performance may be affected.
- 6. Adequately insulate and weatherproof all ductwork located outdoors. Insulate ducts passing through unconditioned space, and use vapor barrier in accordance with latest issue of Sheet Metal and Air Conditioning Contractors National Association (SMACNA) and Air Conditioning Contractors of America (ACCA) minimum installation standards for heating and air conditioning systems. Secure all ducts to building structure.
- Flash, weatherproof, and vibration-isolate all openings in building structure in accordance with local codes and good building practices.

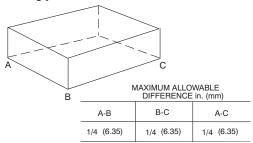


Fig. 9 - Unit Leveling Tolerances

OPTIONAL RETURN OPENING OPENIN

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Fig. 10 - Slab Mounting Detail

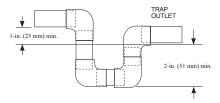
## Step 6 — Provide for Condensate Disposal

**NOTE**: Ensure that condensate-water disposal methods comply with local codes, restrictions, and practices.

The unit disposes of condensate through a 3/4 in. NPT female fitting that exits on the compressor end of the unit. Condensate water can be drained directly onto the roof in rooftop installations (where permitted) or onto a gravel apron in ground level installations. Install a field-supplied condensate trap at end of condensate connection to ensure proper drainage. Make sure that the outlet of the trap is at least 1 in. (25 mm) lower than the drain-pan condensate connection to prevent the pan from overflowing. Prime the trap with water. When using a gravel apron, make sure it slopes away from the unit.

If the installation requires draining the condensate water away from the unit, install a field-supplied 2 -in. (51mm) trap at the condensate connection to ensure proper drainage. Condensate trap is available as an accessory or is field-supplied. Make sure that the outlet of the trap is at least 1 in. (25 mm) lower than the unit drain-pan condensate connection to prevent the pan from overflowing. Connect a drain tube using a minimum of field-supplied 3/4-in. PVC or field-supplied 3/4-in. copper pipe

at outlet end of the 2-in. (51 mm) trap. (See Fig. 11) Do not undersize the tube. Pitch the drain tube downward at a slope of at least 1 in. (25 mm) every 10 ft (3 m) of horizontal run. Be sure to check the drain trough for leaks. Prime the trap at the beginning of the cooling season start-up.



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Fig. 11 - Condensate Trap

## **Step 7** — **Install Electrical Connections**

## CAUTION

#### UNIT COMPONENT DAMAGE HAZARD

Failure to follow this caution may result in damage to the unit being installed.

- Make all electrical connections in accordance with NEC NFPA 70 (latest edition) and local electrical codes governing such wiring. In Canada, all electrical connections must be in accordance with CSA standard C22.1 Canadian Electrical Code Part 1 and applicable local codes. Refer to unit wiring diagram.
- Use only copper conductor for connections between field-supplied electrical disconnect switch and unit. DO NOT USE ALUMINUM WIRE.
- 3. Be sure that high-voltage power to unit is within operating voltage range indicated on unit rating plate. On 3-phase units, ensure phases are balanced within 2 percent. Consult local power company for correction of improper voltage and/or phase imbalance.
- Do not damage internal components when drilling through any panel to mount electrical hardware, conduit, etc.

## WARNING

## ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury or death.

The unit cabinet must have an uninterrupted, unbroken electrical ground. This ground may consist of an electrical wire connected to the unit ground screw in the control compartment, or conduit approved for electrical ground when installed in accordance with NEC,NFPA 70 National Fire Protection Association (latest edition) (in Canada, Canadian Electrical Code CSA C22.1) and local electrical codes.

## **High-Voltage Connections**

The unit must have a separate electrical service with a field-supplied, waterproof disconnect switch mounted at, or within sight from the unit. Refer to the unit rating plate, NEC and local codes for maximum fuse/circuit breaker size and minimum circuit amps (ampacity) for wire sizing.

The field-supplied disconnect may be mounted on the unit over the high-voltage inlet hole when the standard power and low-voltage entry points are used. See Fig. 2 and 5 for acceptable location. Remove high voltage knockout.

See unit wiring label (Fig. 14-16) and Fig. 12 for reference when making high voltage connections. Proceed as follows to complete the high-voltage connections to the unit.

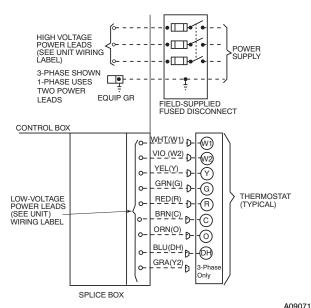


Fig. 12 - High- and Control-Voltage Connections

Single phase units:

- Run the high-voltage (L1, L2) and ground lead into the control box.
- 2. Connect ground lead to chassis ground connection.
- Locate the black and yellow wires connected to the line side of the contactor.
- Connect field L1 to black wire on connection 11 of the compressor contactor.
- 5. Connect field wire L2 to yellow wire on connection 23 of the compressor contactor.

Three-phase units:

- 1. Run the high-voltage (L1, L2, L3) and ground lead into the control box.
- 2. Connect ground lead to chassis ground connection.
- Locate the black and yellow wires connected to the line side of the contactor.
- Connect field L1 to black wire on connection 11 of the compressor contactor.
- Connect field wire L3 to yellow wire on connection 13 of the compressor contactor.
- 6. Connect field wire L2 to blue wire from compressor.

## **Special Procedures for 208-V Operation**

## **WARNING**

## ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury or death.

Before installing or servicing system, always turn off main power to system. Tag the disconnect switch with a suitable warning label. With disconnect switch open, move black wire from transformer (3/16 in.) terminal marked 230 to terminal marked 208. This retaps transformer to primary voltage of 208 vac.

## **Control Voltage Connections**

**NOTE**: Do not use any type of power-stealing thermostat. Unit control problems may result.

Use no. 18 American Wire Gage (AWG) color-coded, insulated (35°C minimum) wires to make the control voltage connections between the thermostat and the unit. If the thermostat is located more than 100 ft (30.5 m) from the unit (as measured along the

control voltage wires), use no. 16 AWG color-coded, insulated (35° C minimum) wires.

#### **Standard Connections**

Locate the eight (nine on 3-phase) low voltage thermostat leads in 24 volt splice box. See Fig. 12 for connection diagram. Run the low-voltage leads from the thermostat, through the control wiring inlet hole grommet (Fig. 2 and 5), and into the low-voltage splice box. Provide a drip loop before running wires through panel. Secure and strain relief all wires so that they do not interfere with operation of unit. A gray wire is standard on 3-phase units for connection to an economizer.

If an accessory electric heater is installed, low voltage leads from heater must be connected to factory supplied control leads from Indoor Fan Board P4 connector.

**NOTE**: If the unit 24V wires do not have a matching receptacle, cut the 24V wires from the electric heater plug, strip the ends, and wire nut together to match the schematic connections. If the electric heater 24V wires do not have a matching plug, cut the 24V wires from the unit receptacle, strip the ends, and wire nut together to match the schematic connections.

Factory wires are provided for electric heat staging W1 and W2 (W2 and W3 on IFB). If room thermostat has only one stage of supplemental heat, connect white and violet wires shown in Fig. 12 to second stage heat field wire.

Some electric heaters have four control wires (plus common wire). Consult unit wiring diagram and electric heater wiring diagram for additional details.

## **Transformer Protection**

The transformer is of the energy-limiting type. It is set to withstand a 30-second overload or shorted secondary condition. If an overload or short is present, correct overload condition and check for blown fuse on Interface Fan Board. Replace fuse as required with correct size and rating.

#### Accessory Electric Heaters Installation

Electric heaters may be installed with the unit per instructions supplied with electric heater package. See unit rating plate for factory-approved electric heater kits.

## **Sequence of Operation**

- a. CONTINUOUS FAN
  - (1.) Thermostat closes circuit R to G energizing the blower motor for continuous fan.
- b. COOLING MODE
  - (1.) If indoor temperature is above temperature set point, thermostat closes circuits R to G, R to Y and R to O-The unit delivers cooling airflow.
- c. ELECTRIC HEATING MODE
  - (1.) Thermostat closes circuit R to W/W1, or W2 and R to G. There are no on or off delays.
- d. HEAT PUMP HEATING MODE
  - (1.) Thermostat closes circuits R to G and R to Y. The compressor, indoor and outdoor fans are energized.
- e. HEAT PUMP HEATING WITH AUXILIARY ELECTRIC HEAT
  - (1.) Thermostat closes circuits R to G, R to Y and R to W/W1 or W2. The compressor, indoor and outdoor fans are energized, as well as the electric heat relays.

## f. DEFROST MODE

The defrost mode is automatically energized by the defrost board during heating mode. The defrost board energizes "O" (reversing valve) and "W2" (electric heat). It also de-energizes the outdoor fan. When defrost is complete, unit will return to heating mode. If room thermostat is satisfied during defrost, unit will shut down and restart in defrost on next call for heat.

Table 1 - Physical Data

|   | 24                    | 30             | 36                     | 42        | 48         | 60                 |
|---|-----------------------|----------------|------------------------|-----------|------------|--------------------|
| Unit Size                                 | 2                     | 2.5            | 3                      | 3.5       | 4          | 5                  |
| Shipping Weight (Ib)                      | 365                   | 395            | 440                    | 475       | 500        | 515                |
| (kg)                                      | 166                   | 179            | 200                    | 215       | 227        | 234                |
| Compressor Quantity                       |                       |                |                        | 1         | ļ          | 1                  |
| Type                                      |                       |                | Sc                     | roll      |            |                    |
| Refrigerant                               |                       |                |                        | 10A       |            |                    |
| Refrigerant Quantity (lb)                 | 7.5                   | 9.0            | 8.9                    | 11.2      | 9.9        | 11.9               |
| Quantity (kg)                             | 3.4                   | 4.1            | 4.0                    | 5.1       | 4.5        | 5.4                |
| , (9)                                     |                       |                | •                      | 0         | Indoor Ac- | <b></b>            |
|   |                       |                |                        |           | curater.   | Indoor TXV. Out-   |
| Refrigerant Metering Device               |                       | Indoor TXV O   | utdoor Dual Accuraters |           | Outdoor    | door Dual Ac-      |
| Tremigerant wetering bevice               |                       | indoor 17.V, O | aldoor Budi Accurators |           | Dual Ac-   | curaters           |
|   |                       |                |                        |           | curaters   | Caratoro           |
| Orifice ID (in)                           |                       |                |                        |           | 0.080 (1)  |                    |
| (mm)                                      |                       |                | N/A                    |           | 2.03 (1)   | N/A                |
| Orifice OD (in)                           | 0.000 (0)             | 0.005 (0)      | 0.040 (0)              | 0.040 (0) | \ /        | 0.050 (0)          |
| · ,                                       | 0.032 (2)<br>0.81 (2) | 0.035 (2)      | 0.040 (2)              | 0.046 (2) | 0.046 (2)  | 0.052 (2)          |
| (mm)                                      | 0.61 (2)              | 0.89 (2)       | 1.02 (2)               | 1.17 (2)  | 1.17 (2)   | 1.32 (2)           |
| Outdoor Coil                              |                       | 4 04           |                        | 4 04      | 4 04       | 0.04               |
| RowsFins/in,                              | 121                   | 121            | 121                    | 121       | 121        | 221                |
| face area (sq. ft.)                       | 15.4                  | 18.8           | 17.5                   | 23.3      | 23.3       | 17.5               |
| Outdoor Fan                               |                       |                |                        |           |            |                    |
| Nominal Airflow (cfm)                     | 2500                  | 3000           | 3600                   | 4000      | 4000       | 3800               |
| Diameter (in.)                            | 24                    | 24             | 26                     | 26        | 26         | 26                 |
| Diameter (mm)                             | 610                   | 610            | 660                    | 660       | 660        | 660                |
| Motor hp (rpm)                            | 1/12 (810)            | 1/10 (810)     | 1/5 (810)              | 1/5 (810) | 1/5 (810)  | 1/4 (810)          |
| Indoor Coil                               | 0.47                  | 0 47           | 0.45                   | 0 47      | 0 47       | 0.47               |
| RowsFins/in,                              | 317                   | 317            | 215                    | 317       | 317        | 317                |
| face area (sq. ft.)                       | 3.7                   | 3.7            | 5.6                    | 4.7       | 4.7        | 5.6                |
| Indoor Blower                             | 000                   | 1000           | 1000                   | 1050      | 1000       | 4750               |
| Nominal Airflow (cfm)                     | 800                   | 1000           | 1200                   | 1350      | 1600       | 1750               |
| Size (in.)                                | 10 x 10               | 10 x 10        | 11 x 10                | 11 x 10   | 11 x 10    | 11 x 10            |
| Size (mm)                                 | 254 x 254             | 254 x 254      | 279 x 254              | 279 x 254 | 279 x 254  | 279 x 254          |
| Motor hp (rpm)                            | 1/2                   | 1/2            | 1/2                    | 1/2       | 1          | 1                  |
| High Pressure Switch (psig)               |                       |                | 650                    | . / 45    |            |                    |
| Cutout                                    |                       |                |                        | +/- 15    |            |                    |
| Reset (Auto)                              |                       |                | 420                    | +/- 25    |            |                    |
| Loss-of-Charge/Low Pressure Switch (psig) |                       |                | 00                     | . / -     |            |                    |
| Cutout                                    |                       |                |                        | +/- 5     |            |                    |
| Reset (Auto)                              |                       |                |                        | ⊦/- 10    |            | 1 1 04 40 11       |
| Return Air Filters                        | 0! 00                 | out out to     | 1 each 24x16x1 in.     |           | 4x14x1 in. | 1 each 24x16x1 in. |
| disposable                                |                       | 0x12x1 in.     | 610x406x25 mm          |           | 3x25 mm    | 610x406x25 mm      |
|   | 508x305               | 5x25 mm        | 24x18x1 in.            |           | 6x1 in.    | 24x18x1 in.        |
|   |                       |                | 610x457x25 mm          | 610x406   | 3x25 mm    | 610x457x25 mm      |

<sup>\*</sup>Required filter sizes shown are based on the larger of the AHRI (Air Conditioning Heating and Refrigeration Institute) rated cooling airflow or the heating airflow velocity of 300 – 350 ft/minute for throwaway type or 450 ft/minute for high – capacity type. Air filter pressure drop for non – standard filters must not exceed 0.08 IN. W.C.

Table 2 – Minimum Airflow for Reliable Electric Heater Operation (CFM)

| SIZE          | 24  | 30   | 36   | 42   | 48   | 60   |
|---------------|-----|------|------|------|------|------|
| AIRFLOW (CFM) | 800 | 1025 | 1250 | 1400 | 1710 | 1800 |

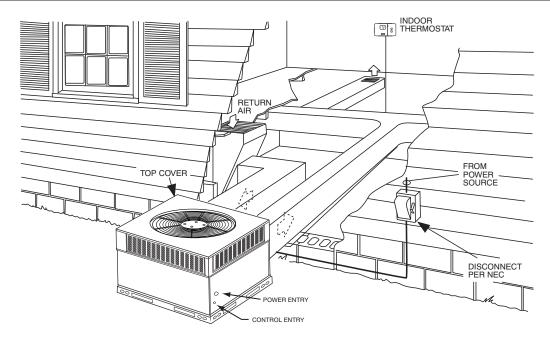


Fig. 13 - Typical Installation

<sup>†</sup> If using accessory filter rack refer to the filter rack installation instructions for correct filter size and quantity.

## CONNECTION WIRING DIAGRAM DANGER: ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD DISCONNECT POWER BEFORE SERVICING

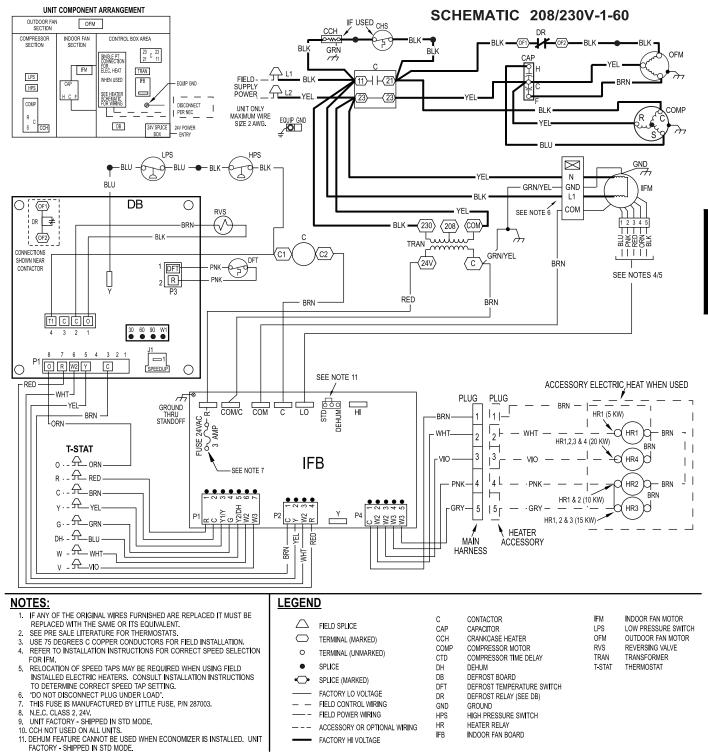


Fig. 14 - Connection Wiring Schematics 208/230-1-60

# LADDER WIRING DIAGRAM DANGER: ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD DISCONNECT POWER BEFORE SERVICING

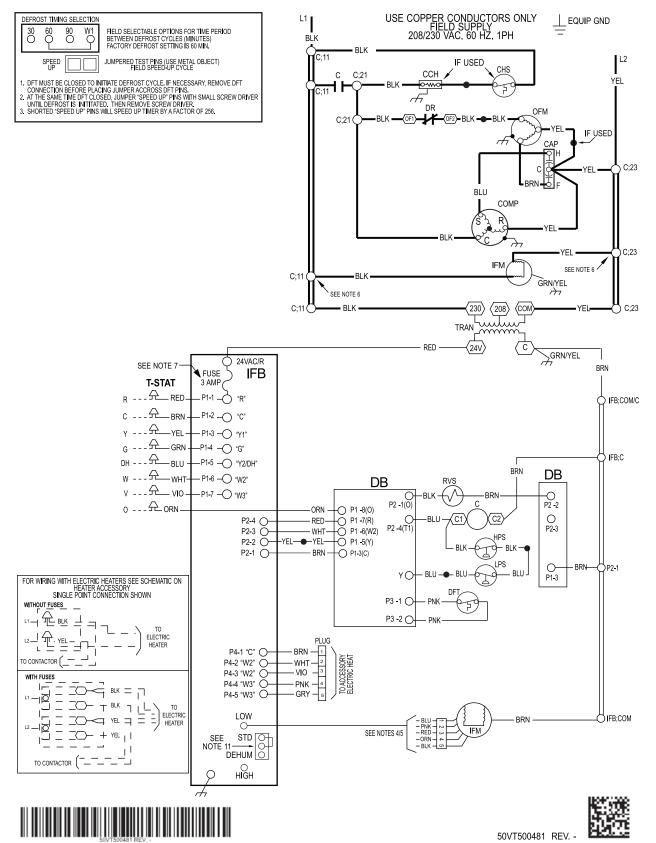


Fig. 12 Cont. - Ladder Wiring Schematics 208/230-1-60

## CONNECTION WIRING DIAGRAM DANGER: ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD DISCONNECT POWER BEFORE SERVICING

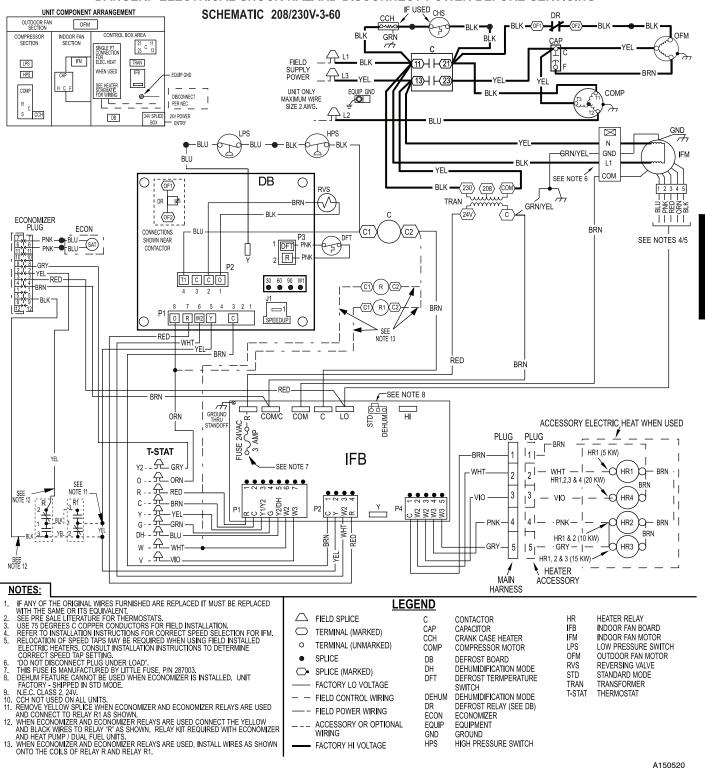


Fig. 15 - Connection Wiring Schematics - 208/230-3-60

# LADDER WIRING DIAGRAM DANGER: ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD DISCONNECT POWER BEFORE SERVICING

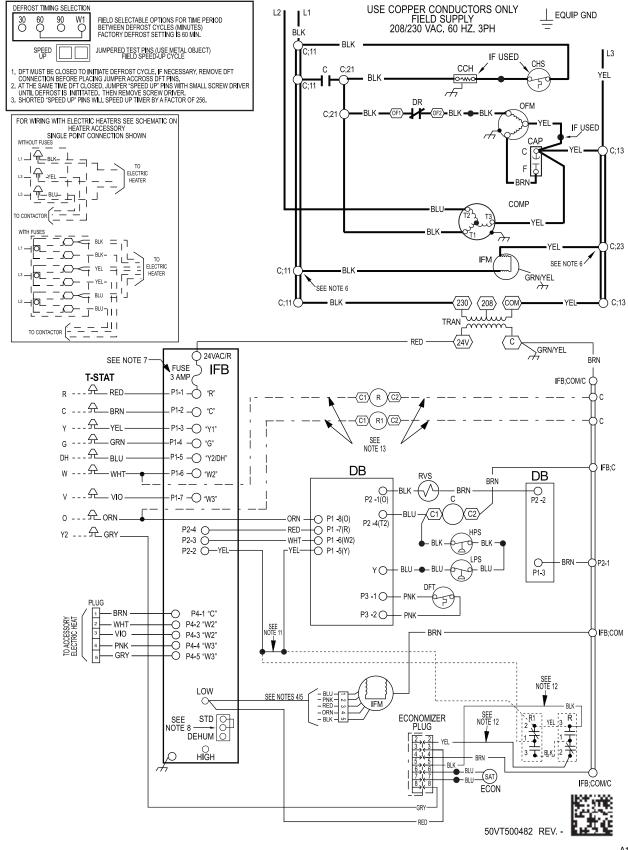


Fig. 13 Cont. - Ladder Wiring Schematics - 208/230-3-60

## CONNECTION WIRING DIAGRAM DANGER: ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD DISCONNECT POWER BEFORE SERVICING

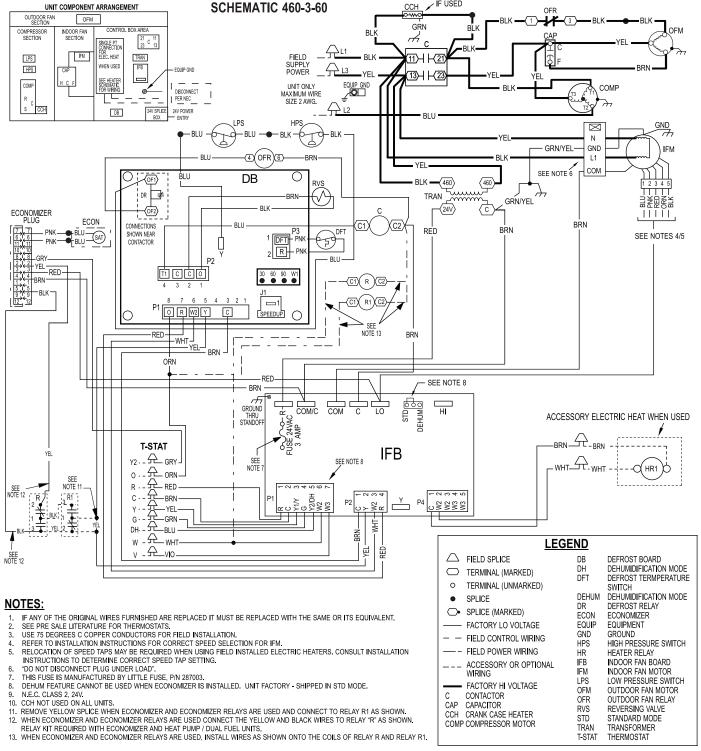


Fig. 16 - Connection Wiring Diagram 460-3-60

# LADDER WIRING DIAGRAM DANGER: ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD DISCONNECT POWER BEFORE SERVICING

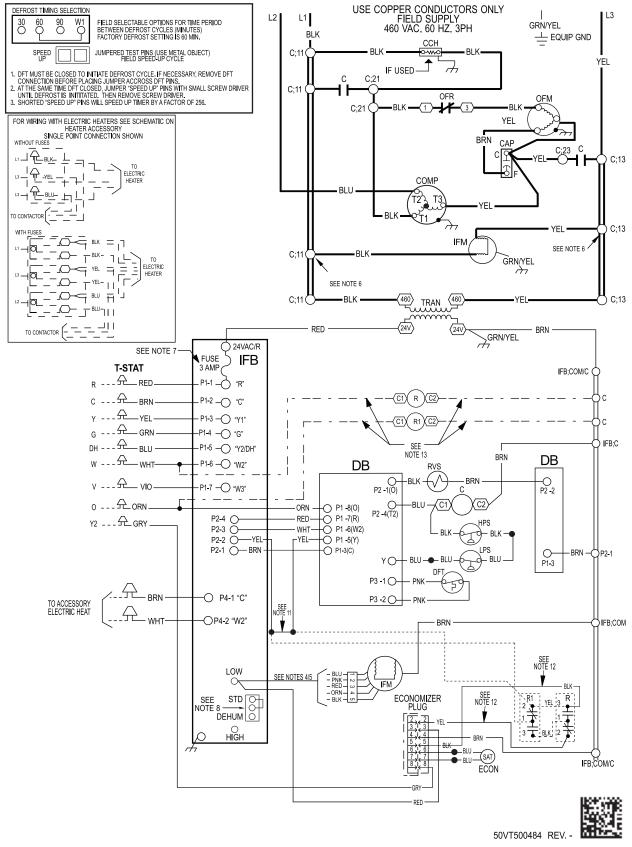


Fig. 14 Cont. - Ladder Wiring Diagram 460-3-60

## WARNING

# FIRE, EXPLOSION, ELECTRICAL SHOCK AND ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury, death or property damage.

- 1. Follow recognized safety practices and wear protective goggles when checking or servicing refrigerant system.
- 2. Relieve and recover all refrigerant from system before touching or disturbing compressor plug if refrigerant leak is suspected around compressor terminals.
- 3. Do not remove compressor plug until all electrical sources are disconnected and tagged.
- 4. Never attempt to repair soldered connection while refrigerant system is under pressure.
- 5. Do not use torch to remove any component. System contains oil and refrigerant under pressure.
  - To remove a component, wear protective goggles and proceed as follows:
    - a. Shut off electrical power to unit and install lockout tag.
    - b. Relieve and reclaim all refrigerant from system using both high- and low-pressure ports.
    - c. Cut component connecting tubing with tubing cutter and remove component from unit.
    - d. Carefully unsweat remaining tubing stubs when necessary. Oil can ignite when exposed to torch flame.

Use the Start-Up Checklist supplied at the end of this book and proceed as follows to inspect and prepare the unit for initial start-up:

- 1. Remove all access panels (see Fig. 23).
- 2. Read and follow instructions on all DANGER, WARNING, CAUTION, and INFORMATION labels attached to, or shipped with, unit.
- 3. Make the following inspections:
  - a. Inspect for shipping and handling damages such as broken lines, loose parts, disconnected wires, etc.
  - Inspect all field and factory-wiring connections. Be sure that connections are completed and tight. Ensure wires do not touch refrigerant tubing or sharp sheet metal edges.
  - c. Inspect coil fins. If damaged during shipping and handling, carefully straighten fins with a fin comb.
- 4. Verify the following conditions:
  - a. Make sure that outdoor-fan blade is correctly positioned in fan orifice.
  - b. Make sure that air filter(s) is in place.
  - Make sure that condensate drain pan and trap are filled with water to ensure proper drainage.
  - d. Make sure that all tools and miscellaneous loose parts have been removed.
- 5. Each unit system has 2 Schrader-type ports, one low-side Schrader fitting located on the suction line, and one high-side Schrader fitting located on the compressor discharge line. Be sure that caps on the ports are tight.

#### START-UP

## **Checking Cooling and Heating Control Operation**

Start and check the unit for proper control operation as follows:

- (1.) Place room thermostat SYSTEM switch or MODE control in OFF position. Observe that blower motor starts when FAN mode is placed in FAN ON position and shuts down when FAN MODE switch is placed in AUTO position.
- (2.) Thermostat:
  - When the room temperature rises to a point that is slightly above the cooling control setting of the thermostat, the thermostat completes the circuit between thermostat terminal R to terminals Y, O and G.These completed circuits through the thermostat connect contactor coil (C) (through unit wire Y) and Indoor Fan board (through unit wire G) across the 24-v. secondary of transformer (TRAN).
- (3.) Place system switch or MODE control in HEAT position. Set control above room temperature. Observe that compressor, outdoor fan, and indoor blower motors start. Observe that heating cycle shuts down when control setting is satisfied.
- (4.) When using an automatic changeover room thermostat place both SYSTEM or MODE control and FAN mode switches in AUTO positions. Observe that unit operates in Cooling mode when temperature control is set to "call for Cooling" (below room temperature), and unit operates in Heating mode when temperature control is set to "call for Heating" (above room temperature).

**NOTE**: Once the compressor has started and then has stopped, it should not be started again until 5 minutes have elapsed. The defrost board has a built-in 5 minute delay between cycles. The 5 minute compressor delay also applies to heat pump heating mode.

**Step 1** — Check for Refrigerant Leaks

# **A** WARNING



#### EXPLOSION HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in death, serious personal injury, and/or property damage.

Never use air or gases containing oxygen for leak testing or operating refrigerant compressors. Pressurized mixtures of air or gases containing oxygen can lead to an explosion.

Proceed as follows to locate and repair a refrigerant leak and to charge the unit:

- Locate leak and make sure that refrigerant system pressure has been relieved and reclaimed from both high- and low-pressure ports.
- 2. Repair leak following Refrigerant Service procedures.

**NOTE**: Install a bi-flow filter drier whenever the system has been opened for repair.

- 3. Add a small charge of R-410A refrigerant vapor to system and leak-test unit.
- 4. Recover refrigerant from refrigerant system and evacuate to 500 microns if no additional leaks are not found.
- 5. Charge unit with R-410A refrigerant, using an electronic scale. Refer to unit rating plate for required charge.

## Step 2 — Start-Up Adjustments

Complete the required procedures given in the Pre-Start-Up section before starting the unit. Do not jumper any safety devices when operating the unit. Do not operate the unit in Cooling mode when the outdoor temperature is below 40°F (4°C) (unless accessory low-ambient kit is installed).

**IMPORTANT**: Three-phase, scroll compressors are direction oriented. Unit must be checked to ensure proper compressor 3-phase power lead orientation. If not corrected within 5 minutes, the internal protector will shut off the compressor. The 3-phase power leads to the unit must be reversed to correct rotation. When turning backwards, the difference between compressor suction and discharge pressures may be near zero.

## **Checking and Adjusting Refrigerant Charge**

The refrigerant system is fully charged with R-410A refrigerant and is tested and factory sealed.

## **WARNING**



#### EXPLOSION HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in death, serious personal injury, and/or property damage.

Never use air or gases containing oxygen for leak testing or operating refrigerant compressors. Pressurized mixtures of air or gases containing oxygen can lead to an explosion.

**NOTE**: Adjustment of the refrigerant charge is not required unless the unit is suspected of not having the proper R-410A charge.

**NOTE**: Some units have fixed orifice refrigerant metering devices. There is a different charging procedure for both expansion devices. Refer to the correct procedure for your unit.

The charging label and the tables shown refer to system temperatures and pressures in cooling mode only. A refrigerant charging label is attached to the inside of the compressor access panel. (See Fig. 20 Subcool chart for units with TXV and superheat chart for units with fixed orifice.) The chart includes the required liquid line temperature at given discharge line pressures and outdoor ambient temperatures.

A superheat chart is attached to the inside of the compressor access panel for the unit with fixed metering device. Refer to the charging procedure on the label.

An accurate thermocouple- or thermistor-type thermometer, and a gauge manifold are required when using the subcooling charging method for evaluating the unit charge. Do not use mercury or small dial-type thermometers because they are not adequate for this type of measurement.

**NOTE**: Allow system to operate for a minimum of 15 minutes before checking or adjusting refrigerant charge.

**IMPORTANT**: When evaluating the refrigerant charge, an indicated adjustment to the specified factory charge must always be very minimal. If a substantial adjustment is indicated, an abnormal condition exists somewhere in the cooling system, such as insufficient airflow across either coil or both coils.

Proceed as follows:

- 1. Remove caps from low- and high-pressure service fittings.
- Using hoses with valve core depressors, attach low- and high-pressure gauge hoses to low- and high-pressure service fittings, respectively.
- 3. Start unit and let run until system pressures stabilize.
- 4. Measure and record the following:

- a. Outdoor ambient-air temperature (°F [°C] db).
- b. Liquid line temperature (°F [°C]) at TXV.
- c. Discharge (high-side) pressure (psig).
- d. Suction (low-side) pressure (psig) (for reference only).
- 5. Using Cooling Charging Charts compare outdoor-air temperature (°F [°C] db) with the discharge line pressure (psig) to determine desired system operating liquid line temperature (See Fig. 20).
- 6. Compare actual liquid line temperature with desired liquid line temperature. Using a tolerance of ±2°F (±1.1°C), add refrigerant if actual temperature is more than 2°F (1.1°C) higher than proper liquid line temperature, or remove refrigerant if actual temperature is more than 2°F (1.1°C) lower than required liquid line temperature.

**NOTE**: If the problem causing the inaccurate readings is a refrigerant leak, refer to Check for Refrigerant Leaks section.

## **Indoor Airflow and Airflow Adjustments**

## **A** CAUTION

#### UNIT OPERATION HAZARD

Failure to follow this caution may result in unit damage.

For cooling operation, the recommended airflow is 350 to 450 cfm for each 12,000 Btuh of rated cooling capacity. For heating operation, the airflow must produce a temperature rise that falls within the range stamped on the unit rating plate.

**NOTE**: Be sure that all supply-and return-air grilles are open, free from obstructions, and adjusted properly.

## **A** WARNING

#### ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury or death.

Disconnect electrical power to the unit and install lockout tag before changing blower speed.

This unit is factory-set up for use with a single cooling fan speed. In addition, this unit has the field-selectable capability to run two different cooling fan speeds: The rated cooling fan speed (350~400 CFM/Ton) and an enhanced dehumidification fan speed (As low as 320 CFM/Ton) for use with either a dehumidistat or a thermostat that supports dehumidification.

The cooling speed is marked "LOW" on the interface fan board (IFB) (See Fig. 18). The factory-shipped settings are noted in Table 5. There are 4 additional speed tap wires available for use in either electric heating or cooling (For color coding on the indoor fan motor leads, see Table 3). The additional 4 speed tap wires are shipped loose with vinyl caps and are located in the control box, near the interface fan board (IFB) (See Fig. 18).

# <u>Single Cooling Fan Speed Set-up (Dehumidification feature not used)</u>

To change cooling speed:

- 1. Remove the vinyl cap off of the desired speed tap wire (Refer to Table 3 for color coding). Add the wet coil pressure drop in Table 8 to the system static to determine the correct cooling airflow speed in Table 5 that will deliver the nominal cooling airflow as listed in Table 1 for each size.
- 2. Remove the current speed tap wire from the "LOW" terminal on the interface fan board (IFB) (See Fig. 18) and place vinyl cap over the connector on the wire.
- Connect the desired speed tap wire to the "LOW" terminal on the interface fan board (IFB).

**NOTE**: If accessory electric heat is installed, and the electric heat fan speed is chosen to be the same as the normal cooling fan speed, the dry airflow must meet or exceed the minimum airflow speed specified in Table 2 for the specific size unit.

# Two Cooling Fan Speeds Set-up (Dehumidification feature used)

**IMPORTANT**: Dehumidification control must open control circuit on humidity rise above set point.

Use of the dehumidification cooling fan speed requires use of either a 24 VAC dehumidistat or a thermostat which includes control of a 24 VAC dehumidistat connection. In either case, the dehumidification control must open the control circuit on humidity rise above the dehumidification set point.

- 1. Using Fig. 18, move the two pin DEHUM jumper from the "STD" position to the "DEHUM" position.
- 2. Remove fan speed tap wire from the "LOW" terminal on the interface fan board (IFB) (See Fig. 18).
- 3. Determine correct normal cooling fan speed for unit and application. Add the wet coil pressure drop in Table 8 to the system static to determine the correct cooling airflow speed in Table 5 that will deliver the nominal cooling airflow as listed in Table 1 for each size.

**NOTE**: If accessory electric heat is installed, the dry airflow must meet or exceed the minimum airflow speed specified in Table 2 for the specific size unit. The electric heat fan speed will be the same as the normal cooling fan speed.

- 4. Remove the vinyl cap off of the desired speed tap wire (Refer to Table 3 for color coding) for the normal cooling fan speed and place desired speed tap wire on "HIGH" on the interface board.
- 5. Refer to airflow tables (Table 5) to determine allowable speeds for the dehumidification cooling fan speed. In Table 5, speeds that are not allowed for dehumidification cooling are shaded.
- 6. Remove the vinyl cap off of the desired speed tap wire (Refer to Table 3 for color coding) for the dehumidification cooling fan speed and place desired speed tap wire on the "LOW" connection on the interface board (IFB). Verify that static pressure is in the acceptable range for the speed tap to be used for dehumidification cooling.
- Use any spare vinyl plugs to cap any unused speed tap wires.

#### Single Speed Cooling With Higher Electric Heat Speed

This unit can also be configured to operate with single speed cooling and a higher speed for an accessory electric heater.

- Move the two pin DEHUM jumper located on control board (see Fig. 18) from the "STD" position to the "DEHUM" position.
- See Table 2 for minimum airflow for electric heat operation. Add electric heater and filter pressure drop to duct system static pressure to determine total external static pressure.
- 3. Select speed tap from Table 5 that will achieve required airflow from Table 2.
- 4. Remove the vinyl cap off of the desired speed tap wire (Refer to Table 3 for color coding).
- 5. Connect the desired speed tap wire to the "HIGH" terminal on the interface fan board (IFB).

## **A** CAUTION

#### UNIT OPERATION HAZARD

Failure to follow this caution may result in unit component damage or improper operation.

To use this mode, a speed connection must be made on the "HIGH" terminal that meets or exceeds the minimum airflow found in Table 2.

Table 3 - Color Coding for Indoor Fan Motor Leads

| Table Color Coung for Impoor I am Nicotor I amou |
|--|
| Black = High Speed                               |
| Orange = Med-High Speed                          |
| Red = Med Speed                                  |
| Pink = Med-Low Speed                             |
| Blue = Low Speed                                 |

## **A** WARNING

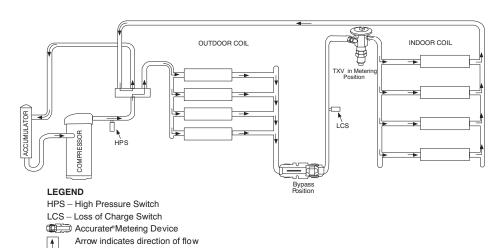
#### ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury or death.

Disconnect electrical power to the unit and install lockout tag before changing blower speed.

## **Continuous Fan Operation**

When the DEHUM feature is not used, the continuous fan speed will be the same as cooling fan speed. When the DEHUM feature is used, the continuous fan will operate on IFB "LOW" speed when the DH control lead is not energized, or IFB "HIGH" speed when the DH lead is energized (see Fig. 18).



C03011

Fig. 17 - Typical Heat Pump Operation, Cooling Mode

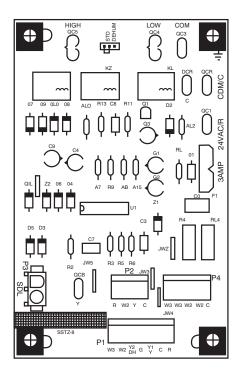
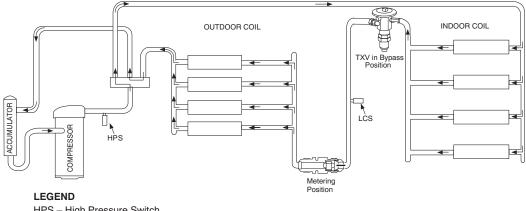


Fig. 18 - Interface Fan Board (IFB)



HPS - High Pressure Switch

LCS - Loss of Charge Switch

Accurater Metering Device

Arrow indicates direction of flow

Fig. 19 - Typical Heat Pump Operation, Heating Mode

C03012

## Step 3 — Defrost Control

## **Defrost Control**

The defrost control is used in all R-410A heat pump models. Its features include selectable defrost intervals of 30, 60, 90 minutes, and standard defrost speed up capability. This section describes the sequence of operation and trouble shooting methods for this control.

## **Defrost Sequence**

The defrost control is a time/temperature control that has field selectable settings of 30, 60, and 90 minutes. These represent the amount of time that must pass after closure of the defrost thermostat before the defrost sequence begins.

The defrost thermostat senses coil temperature throughout the heating cycle. When the coil temperature reaches the defrost thermostat setting, it will close, which energizes the DFT terminal and begins the defrost timing sequence. When the DTF has been energized for the selected time, the defrost cycle begins, and the control shifts the reversing valve into cooling position, and turns the outdoor fan off. This shifts hot gas flow into the outdoor coil which melts the frost from the coil. The defrost cycle is terminated when defrost thermostat opens, or automatically after 10 minutes.

Sizes 24-60 208/230VAC - 1 Phase

|            |                  | Table              | Table 4 – Dry Coil Air Delivery* |      | izontal and I | JOWNTIOW DE | scnarge - Siz | es 24-00 200 | - Horizontal and Downflow Discharge - Sizes 24-60 208/230 VAC - 1 Phase | l Pnase |      |      |      |
|------------|------------------|--------------------|----------------------------------|------|---------------|-------------|---------------|--------------|---|---------|------|------|------|
| IInit Size | Motor            | Wire               |                                  |      |               |             | External      |              | Static Pressure (IN. W.C.   | W.C.)   |      |      |      |
|            | Speed            | Color              |                                  | 0.1  | 0.2           | 0.3         | 0.4           | 0.5          | 9.0   | 2.0     | 8.0  | 6.0  | -    |
|            | À                | B                  | CFM                              | 699  | 280           | 525         | 423           | 303          | !   |         | 1    | 1    | !    |
|            | Å<br>C           | ם<br>מ             | BHP                              | 60'0 | 0.10          | 0.11        | 0.11          | 0.12         | 1   | 1       | 1    | 1    | 1    |
| •          | Mod - Low1       | Arid               | CFM                              | 829  | 752           | 089         | 602           | 549          | 455   | 313     | 1    | 1    |      |
|            | MOD I DOIN       | <u>{</u>           | BHP                              | 0.14 | 0.15          | 0.15        | 0.16          | 0.17         | 0.17  | 0.18    |      | 1    | 1    |
| õ          | Modiim           | Pod                | CFM                              | 1014 | 929           | 884         | 818           | 746          | 683   | 009     | 537  | 405  | 305  |
| 44         | Medicin          | ם<br>ב             | BHP                              | 0.24 | 0.24          | 0.24        | 0.25          | 0.26         | 0.26  | 0.27    | 0.27 | 0.27 | 0.29 |
| ,          | High             | Opposi             | CFM                              | 1041 | 972           | 916         | 850           | 782          | 713   | 631     | 581  | 465  | 340  |
|            |                  | Olaiga<br>ga       | BHP                              | 0.25 | 0.26          | 0.26        | 0.26          | 0.26         | 0.27  | 0.28    | 0.29 | 0:30 | 0.31 |
|            | High             | ADEIR              | CFM                              | 1187 | 1124          | 1061        | 966           | 930          | 968   | 840     | 922  | 869  | 610  |
|            | -<br>-<br>-<br>- | במכו               | BHP                              | 0.36 | 0.36          | 0.37        | 0.37          | 0.38         | 0.38  | 0.39    | 0.39 | 0.39 | 0.40 |
|            | À                | ä                  | CFM                              | 699  | 280           | 525         | 423           | 303          | 1   | 1       | 1    | 1    | 1    |
|            | 200              |                    | BHP                              | 60'0 | 0.10          | 0.11        | 0.11          | 0.12         | 1   | 1       | 1 1  | 1    | 1    |
|            | Mol-ball         | Pink               | CFM                              | 829  | 752           | 089         | 602           | 549          | 455   | 313     | 1    | 1    | 1    |
|            | Med - Fow        | <u>{</u><br>=<br>- | BHP                              | 0.14 | 0.15          | 0.15        | 0.16          | 0.17         | 0.17  | 0.18    | 1    | 1    | 1    |
| 3          | Modium1          | Вод                | CFM                              | 1014 | 929           | 884         | 818           | 746          | 683   | 009     | 537  | 405  | 305  |
| 3          |                  | D                  | BHP                              | 0.24 | 0.24          | 0.24        | 0.25          | 0.26         | 0.26  | 0.27    | 0.27 | 0.27 | 0.29 |
|            | Med - High       | Orange             | CFM                              | 1041 | 972           | 916         | 850           | 782          | 713   | 631     | 581  | 465  | 340  |
|            |                  | ק<br>ק             | BHP                              | 0.25 | 0.26          | 0.26        | 0.26          | 0.26         | 0.27  | 0.28    | 0.29 | 0:30 | 0.31 |
|            | Hich             | Black              | CFM                              | 1187 | 1124          | 1061        | 966           | 930          | 896   | 840     | 776  | 698  | 610  |
|            | 11911            | 200                | BHP                              | 0.36 | 0.36          | 0.37        | 0.37          | 0.38         | 0.38  | 68'0    | 0.39 | 0.39 | 0.40 |
|            | /WO              | Blip               | CFM                              | 1117 | 1042          | 696         | 893           | 869          | 802   | 741     | 229  | 290  | 582  |
|            |                  | 5                  | BHP                              | 0.17 | 0.18          | 0.19        | 0.19          | 0.21         | 0.21  | 0.22    | 0.23 | 0.24 | 0.25 |
|            | Med-Low          | Ąuid               | CFM                              | 1170 | 1094          | 1027        | 922           | 883          | 870   | 810     | 748  | 089  | 591  |
|            |                  | <u>{</u>           | BHP                              | 0.19 | 0.20          | 0.21        | 0.22          | 0.23         | 0.24  | 0.24    | 0.25 | 0.26 | 0.26 |
| y.         | Madi.m1          | Bed                | CFM                              | 1292 | 1246          | 1183        | 1124          | 1059         | 962   | 924     | 877  | 856  | 819  |
| 3          |                  | 2                  | BHP                              | 0.25 | 0.26          | 0.28        | 0.29          | 0:30         | 0.31  | 0.32    | 0.33 | 0.34 | 0.34 |
|            | Med - High       | Orange             | CFM                              | 1311 | 1225          | 1199        | 1145          | 1081         | 1015  | 825     | 905  | 885  | 843  |
|            | MG4 - 1 11911    | 98.80              | BHP                              | 0.26 | 0.27          | 0.28        | 0:30          | 0.31         | 0.32  | 6:0     | 0.33 | 0.35 | 0.35 |
|            | Hich             | ADEIR              | CFM                              | 1602 | 1535          | 1469        | 1404          | 1333         | 1260  | 1246    | 1192 | 1191 | 1131 |
|            | 1.1911           | 200                | BHP                              | 0.46 | 0.47          | 0.48        | 0.50          | 0.50         | 0.51  | 0.52    | 0.53 | 0.54 | 0.55 |
|            | 700              | o i i a            | CFM                              | 1001 | 805           | 833         | 222           | 717          | 029   | 2/2     | 527  | 466  | 419  |
|            | LOW              | DIGG               | BHP                              | 0.13 | 0.13          | 0.14        | 0.14          | 0.15         | 0.16  | 0.17    | 0.18 | 0.19 | 0.20 |
|            | Mod Low          | Jui G              | CFM                              | 1016 | 950           | 805         | 842           | 783          | 721   | 929     | 290  | 541  | 480  |
|            | Med Low          | Ĭ                  | BHP                              | 0.13 | 0.14          | 0.15        | 0.16          | 0.17         | 0.18  | 0.19    | 0.20 | 0.21 | 0.22 |
| Ç          | Modium           | Pod                | CFM                              | 1403 | 1358          | 1316        | 1265          | 1217         | 1167  | 1116    | 1067 | 1012 | 926  |
| y<br>F     | Mediali          | בפר                | BHP                              | 0.29 | 0:30          | 0.31        | 0.33          | 0.34         | 0.35  | 0.36    | 0.37 | 0.38 | 0.39 |
|            | Mod High         | Orang              | CFM                              | 1461 | 1411          | 1367        | 1327          | 1275         | 1220  | 1174    | 1127 | 1074 | 1022 |
|            | Med - Ingil      | O RIGO             | BHP                              | 0.32 | 0.33          | 0.35        | 0.36          | 0.37         | 0.38  | 0.39    | 0.40 | 0.41 | 0.42 |
|            | Ţ                | Angla              | CFM                              | 1575 | 1528          | 1488        | 1447          | 1406         | 1360  | 1314    | 1264 | 1213 | 1159 |
|            |                  |                    | BHP                              | 0.40 | 0.42          | 0.43        | 0.44          | 0.45         | 0.46  | 0.47    | 0.48 | 0.49 | 0.50 |
|            |                  |                    |                                  |      |               |             |               |              |   |         |      |      |      |

Table 4 - Dry Coil Air Delivery\* - Horizontal and Downflow Discharge - Sizes 24-60 208/230VAC - 1 Phase (Cont.)

|                                     | -     | 366  | 0.38   | 1393       | 0.58      | 1512   | 99.0 | 1498   | 0.65   | 1551  | 69'0 | 919  | 0.37 | 1105    | 0.45     | 1406    | 0.65 | 1454   | 99.0   | 1473  | 0 20     |
|-------------------------------------|-------|------|--------|------------|-----------|--------|------|--------|--------|-------|------|------|------|---------|----------|---------|------|--------|--------|-------|----------|
|                                     | 6.0   | 1035 | 98'0   | 1432       | 0.57      | 1614   | 0.70 | 1605   | 69'0   | 1654  | 0.74 | 963  | 98'0 | 1152    | 0.45     | 1450    | 0.64 | 1535   | 0.72   | 1572  | 0.75     |
|                                     | 8.0   | 1087 | 0.36   | 1463       | 0.55      | 1702   | 0.73 | 1695   | 0.74   | 1739  | 0.78 | 1004 | 0.34 | 1188    | 0.43     | 1479    | 0.63 | 1619   | 0.75   | 1672  | 0.79     |
| W.C.)                               | 0.7   | 1135 | 0.34   | 1507       | 0.54      | 1774   | 0.76 | 1779   | 0.76   | 1835  | 0.82 | 1060 | 0.33 | 1236    | 0.42     | 1522    | 0.62 | 1696   | 0.77   | 1779  | 0.85     |
| essure (IN.                         | 9.0   | 1179 | 0.33   | 1539       | 0.52      | 1835   | 0.78 | 1854   | 0.80   | 1923  | 98'0 | 1103 | 0.32 | 1270    | 0.41     | 1557    | 09.0 | 1766   | 0.79   | 1852  | 0.87     |
| External Static Pressure (IN. W.C.) | 0.5   | 1216 | 0.31   | 1574       | 0.52      | 1882   | 0.78 | 1919   | 0.81   | 1997  | 0.89 | 1147 | 0.31 | 1317    | 0.40     | 1600    | 0.59 | 1808   | 0.78   | 1941  | 0.92     |
| Exterr                              | 0.4   | 1260 | 0.31   | 1607       | 0.50      | 1910   | 0.76 | 1964   | 0.82   | 2071  | 0.93 | 1191 | 0:30 | 1351    | 0.38     | 1630    | 0.58 | 1836   | 0.76   | 2011  | 0.95     |
|                                     | 0.3   | 1295 | 0.29   | 1631       | 0.49      | 1943   | 0.75 | 1986   | 080    | 2133  | 26.0 | 1232 | 0.29 | 1399    | 0.37     | 1668    | 0.55 | 1867   | 0.74   | 2078  | 66.0     |
|                                     | 0.2   | 1344 | 0.27   | 1671       | 0.47      | 1968   | 0.73 | 2013   | 0.79   | 2201  | 1.00 | 1277 | 0.27 | 1436    | 0.36     | 1710    | 0.54 | 1909   | 0.73   | 2150  | 1.02     |
|                                     | 0.1   | 1378 | 0.26   | 1696       | 0.45      | 1994   | 0.72 | 2054   | 0.77   | 2267  | 1.03 | 1330 | 0.26 | 1475    | 0.35     | 1736    | 0.53 | 1935   | 0.71   | 2205  | 1.04     |
|                                     |       | Σ    | ₫      | Σ          | ₾         | Σ      | ₽    | Σ      | Д      | W.    | Д    | Σ    | ₽    | Σ       | Д        | W.      | ₫    | Σ      | ₽      | Σ     | <u>⊸</u> |
|                                     |       | CFM  | 踞      | CFM        | BHP       | CFM    | BHP  | CFM    | BHP    | CFM   | BHP  | CFM  | BH   | CFM     | BHP      | CFM     | BHP  | CFM    | BHP    | CFM   | 뮲        |
| Wire                                | Color | B    | ם<br>מ | Jink       | <u> </u>  | מש     |      | Organo | Olaige | Black |      | a    | 2    | Pink    | <u> </u> | Bad     |      | Oraz   | Olaige | Risck | בְאַב    |
| Motor                               | Speed | č    | 2      | Med - Low1 | MOJ I DOM | Medium |      | TOW.   | - D    | T.    |      | ***  | 2    | Med-Low | 201      | Medi.m1 |      | H. CoM |        | Ţ     |          |
| I Init Cizo                         | 2000  |      |        |            |           | 87     | P    |        |        | 1     |      |      |      |         |          | 6       | 3    |        |        |       |          |

\* Air delivery values are without air filter and are for dry coil (See Wet Coil Pressure Drop Table).
1 Factory – shipped cooling / heat pump heating speed
NOTE: Deduct field – supplied air filter pressure drop and wet coil pressure drop to obtain external static pressure available for ducting.
Shaded areas indicate speed/static combinations that are not permitted for dehumidification speed.

 $Table \ 5-Dry \ Coil \ Air \ Delivery \ CFM^*-Horizontal \ Discharge-Sizes \ 36-60 \ 3 \ Phase \ Models \ Only \ Note \$ 

| : 5   | Motor                   | Wire   |     |      |      |      | External Sta | External Static Pressure (IN. W.C. | e (IN. W.C.) |      |      |      |
|---|-------------------------|--------|-----|------|------|------|--------------|------------------------------------|--------------|------|------|------|
| 1   | Speed                   | Color  |     | 1.0  | 0.2  | 0.3  | 0.4          | 9.0                                | 9.0          | 2.0  | 8.0  | 6.0  |
|   | Low                     | Blue   | CFM | 983  | 848  | 764  | 693          | 612                                | 542          | 609  | 450  | 374  |
|   | Med-Low                 | Pink   | CFM | 1008 | 901  | 838  | 757          | 693                                | 618          | 220  | 532  | 471  |
| 98  | Medium <sup>1</sup>     | Red    | CFM | 1222 | 1236 | 1195 | 1148         | 1101                               | 1052         | 1004 | 957  | 916  |
|   | Med-High                | Orange | CFM | 1311 | 1242 | 1219 | 1161         | 1098                               | 1032         | 696  | 206  | 841  |
|   | High                    | Black  | CFM | 1536 | 1470 | 1405 | 1333         | 1263                               | 1204         | 1239 | 1181 | 1122 |
|   | Low                     | Blue   | CFM | 952  | 882  | 908  | 746          | 671                                | 909          | 530  | 551  | 486  |
|   | Med-Low                 | Pink   | CFM | 1002 | 936  | 875  | 821          | 748                                | 687          | 613  | 554  | 595  |
| 42  | Medium                  | Red    | CFM | 1255 | 1210 | 1145 | 1074         | 1008                               | 940          | 878  | 895  | 838  |
|   | Med-High <sup>1</sup>   | Orange | CFM | 1335 | 1267 | 1246 | 1176         | 1109                               | 1049         | 886  | 926  | 872  |
|   | High                    | Black  | CFM | 1472 | 1401 | 1326 | 1251         | 1275                               | 1198         | 1139 | 1085 | 1023 |
|   | Low                     | Blue   | CFM | 1402 | 1351 | 1311 | 1263         | 1224                               | 1172         | 1136 | 1080 | 1041 |
|   | Med-Low                 | Pink   | CFM | 1457 | 1404 | 1367 | 1318         | 1284                               | 1233         | 1197 | 1144 | 1104 |
| 48  | Medium <sup>1</sup>     | Red    | CFM | 1736 | 1695 | 1642 | 1601         | 1553                               | 1512         | 1465 | 1427 | 1381 |
|   | Med-High                | Orange | CFM | 2149 | 2111 | 2062 | 2026         | 1980                               | 1945         | 1905 | 1864 | 1793 |
|   | High                    | Black  | CFM | 2344 | 2306 | 2259 | 2203         | 2141                               | 2070         | 1661 | 1902 | 1803 |
|   | Low                     | Blue   | CFM | 1445 | 1389 | 1341 | 1281         | 1236                               | 1189         | 1139 | 1072 | 1027 |
|   | Med-Low                 | Pink   | CFM | 1678 | 1635 | 1602 | 1558         | 1513                               | 1474         | 1438 | 1404 | 1349 |
| 09  | Medium <sup>1</sup>     | Red    | CFM | 1962 | 1915 | 1880 | 1843         | 1794                               | 1753         | 1711 | 1675 | 1628 |
|   | Med-High                | Orange | CFM | 2131 | 2088 | 2065 | 2013         | 1982                               | 1941         | 1888 | 1860 | 1785 |
|   | High                    | Black  | CFM | 2461 | 2409 | 2339 | 2286         | 2192                               | 2140         | 2902 | 1968 | 1874 |
| 1 Factory-shipped cooling / heat pump heating speed | / heat numb heating spe | Pa     |     |      |      |      |              |                                    |              |      |      |      |

1 Factory-shipped cooling / heat pump heating speed.
 NOTE: Deduct field-supplied air filter pressure drop and wet coil pressure drop to obtain external static pressure available for ducting.
 Shaded areas indicate speed/static combinations that are not permitted for dehumidification speed.

Table 6 - Dry Coil Air Delivery - Downflow Discharge - Sizes 36-60 3 Phase Models Only

|    |                       | - Table 0 - | Table 0 - Dry Coll All De | nvery - Dov | villow Disc | Delivery - Downing Wischarge - Sizes 30-00 3 i | 1 C 00-0C S | r nase ivrouers Only | SOIIIS                        |         |      |      |      |
|----|-----------------------|-------------|---------------------------|-------------|-------------|--|-------------|----------------------|-------------------------------|---------|------|------|------|
| ÷. | Motor                 | Wire        |                           |             |             |  | Externa     | al Static Pr         | External Static Pressure (IN. | . W.C.) |      |      |      |
|    | Speed                 | Color       |                           | 0.1         | 0.2         | 0.3  | 0.4         | 0.5                  | 9.0                           | 0.7     | 8.0  | 6.0  | 1.0  |
|    |                       |             | CFM                       | 983         | 848         | 764  | 693         | 612                  | 542                           | 609     | 450  | 374  | !    |
|    | Low                   | Blue        | WATTS                     | 115         | 107         | 113  | 123         | 128                  | 138                           | 144     | 154  | 159  | -    |
|    |                       |             | BHP                       | 0.12        | 0.11        | 0.12   | 0.13        | 0.14                 | 0.15                          | 0.15    | 0.17 | 0.17 |      |
|    |                       |             | CFM                       | 1008        | 901         | 838  | 757         | 693                  | 618                           | 220     | 532  | 471  | 402  |
|    | Med-Low               | Pink        | WATTS                     | 123         | 121         | 132  | 137         | 148                  | 154                           | 164     | 170  | 181  | 185  |
|    |                       |             | BHP                       | 0.13        | 0.13        | 0.14   | 0.15        | 0.16                 | 0.17                          | 0.18    | 0.18 | 0.19 | 0.20 |
|    |                       |             | CFM                       | 1222        | 1236        | 1195   | 1148        | 1101                 | 1052                          | 1004    | 957  | 916  | 898  |
| 36 | Medium <sup>1</sup>   | Red         | WATTS                     | 233         | 221         | 232  | 244         | 251                  | 264                           | 275     | 285  | 291  | 304  |
|    |                       |             | BHP                       | 0.25        | 0.24        | 0.25   | 0.26        | 0.27                 | 0.28                          | 0.29    | 0.31 | 0.31 | 0.33 |
|    |                       |             | CFM                       | 1311        | 1242        | 1219   | 1161        | 1098                 | 1032                          | 696     | 206  | 841  | 829  |
|    | Med-High              | Orange      | WATTS                     | 256         | 270         | 283  | 289         | 301                  | 313                           | 320     | 331  | 343  | 349  |
|    |                       |             | BHP                       | 0.27        | 0.29        | 0:30   | 0.31        | 0.32                 | 0.34                          | 0.34    | 0.35 | 0.37 | 0.37 |
|    |                       |             | CFM                       | 1536        | 1470        | 1405   | 1333        | 1263                 | 1204                          | 1239    | 1181 | 1122 | 1055 |
|    | High                  | Black       | WATTS                     | 411         | 423         | 429  | 441         | 453                  | 464                           | 473     | 477  | 488  | 489  |
|    |                       |             | BHP                       | 0.44        | 0.45        | 0.46   | 0.47        | 0.49                 | 0.50                          | 0.51    | 0.51 | 0.52 | 0.52 |
|    |                       |             | KEO                       | 952         | 882         | 908  | 746         | 671                  | 909                           | 230     | 551  | 486  | 435  |
|    | Low                   | Blue        | WATTS                     | 124         | 134         | 140  | 150         | 156                  | 166                           | 171     | 182  | 188  | 198  |
|    |                       |             | BHP                       | 0.13        | 0.14        | 0.15   | 0.16        | 0.17                 | 0.18                          | 0.18    | 0.20 | 0.20 | 0.21 |
|    |                       |             | CFM                       | 1002        | 926         | 875  | 821         | 748                  | 289                           | 613     | 554  | 292  | 518  |
|    | Med-Low               | Pink        | WATTS                     | 144         | 155         | 161  | 121         | 176                  | 187                           | 193     | 203  | 509  | 220  |
|    |                       |             | BHP                       | 0.15        | 0.17        | 0.17   | 0.18        | 0.19                 | 0.20                          | 0.21    | 0.22 | 0.22 | 0.24 |
|    |                       |             | CFM                       | 1255        | 1210        | 1145   | 1074        | 1008                 | 940                           | 878     | 895  | 838  | 785  |
| 42 | Medium                | Red         | WATTS                     | 249         | 272         | 284  | 262         | 305                  | 319                           | 320     | 329  | 336  | 347  |
|    |                       |             | BHP                       | 0.27        | 0.29        | 0:30   | 0.31        | 0.33                 | 0.34                          | 0.34    | 0.35 | 0.36 | 0.37 |
|    |                       |             | CFM                       | 1335        | 1267        | 1246   | 1176        | 1109                 | 1049                          | 886     | 956  | 872  | 891  |
|    | Med-High <sup>1</sup> | Orange      | WATTS                     | 311         | 323         | 330  | 342         | 356                  | 298                           | 378     | 385  | 395  | 403  |
|    |                       |             | BHP                       | 0.33        | 0.35        | 0.35   | 0.37        | 0.38                 | 0.39                          | 0.41    | 0.41 | 0.42 | 0.43 |
|    |                       |             | CFM                       | 1472        | 1401        | 1326   | 1221        | 1275                 | 1198                          | 1139    | 1085 | 1023 | 961  |
|    | High                  | Black       | WATTS                     | 401         | 414         | 426  | 440         | 471                  | 462                           | 473     | 478  | 486  | 491  |
|    |                       |             | BHP                       | 0.43        | 0.44        | 0.46   | 0.47        | 0.51                 | 0.50                          | 0.51    | 0.51 | 0.52 | 0.53 |

Table 6 - Dry Coil Air Delivery - Downflow Discharge - Sizes 36-60 3 Phase Models Only (Cont.)

| :                            | Motor   | Wire                 | Wire                  |      | Ow Discilar | ety - Downlow Discharge - Sizes 30-00 3 Fhase Models Only (Coll.)  External Static Pressure (II | Externa | e Models Or | Pressure (IN | . W.C.) |      |      |      |
|------------------------------|---|----------------------|-----------------------|------|-------------|---|---------|-------------|--------------|---------|------|------|------|
| Onit                         | Speed   | Color                |                       | 0.1  | 0.2         | 0.3   | 0.4     | 0.5         | 9.0          | 0.7     | 0.8  | 6.0  | 1.0  |
|                              | •   |                      | CFM                   | 1503 | 1457        | 1423  | 1374    | 1330        | 1287         | 1241    | 1199 | 1153 | 1111 |
|                              | Low   | Blue                 | WATTS                 | 225  | 233         | 246   | 254     | 269         | 282          | 292     | 307  | 314  | 329  |
|                              |   |                      | BHP                   | 0.24 | 0.25        | 0.26  | 0.27    | 0.29        | 0:30         | 0.31    | 0.33 | 0.34 | 0.35 |
|                              |   |                      | CFM                   | 1556 | 1508        | 1461  | 1432    | 1388        | 1346         | 1302    | 1256 | 1221 | 1168 |
|                              | Med-Low   | Pink                 | WATTS                 | 244  | 261         | 268   | 281     | 290         | 305          | 319     | 330  | 345  | 353  |
|                              |   |                      | BHP                   | 0.26 | 0.28        | 0.29  | 0.30    | 0.31        | 0.33         | 0.34    | 0.35 | 0.37 | 0.38 |
|                              |   |                      | CFM                   | 1861 | 1822        | 1786  | 1758    | 1716        | 1688         | 1660    | 1619 | 1583 | 1539 |
| 48                           | Medium <sup>1</sup>   | Red                  | WATTS                 | 400  | 417         | 426   | 441     | 452         | 467          | 482     | 492  | 205  | 519  |
|                              |   |                      | BHP                   | 0.43 | 0.45        | 0.46  | 0.47    | 0.48        | 0.50         | 0.52    | 65.0 | 0.54 | 0.56 |
|                              |   |                      | CFM                   | 2319 | 2291        | 2255  | 2230    | 2193        | 2166         | 2118    | 202  | 1992 | 1887 |
|                              | Med-High  | Orange               | WATTS                 | 758  | 692         | 787   | 799     | 808         | 823          | 822     | 908  | 780  | 737  |
|                              |   |                      | BHP                   | 0.81 | 0.82        | 0.84  | 0.86    | 0.87        | 0.88         | 0.88    | 98'0 | 0.84 | 0.79 |
|                              |   |                      | CFM                   | 2532 | 2487        | 2444  | 2391    | 2330        | 2259         | 2179    | 2111 | 2033 | 1949 |
|                              | High  | Black                | WATTS                 | 1014 | 1022        | 1015  | 994     | 965         | 932          | 868     | 828  | 823  | 786  |
|                              |   |                      | BHP                   | 1.09 | 1.10        | 1.09  | 1.07    | 1.03        | 1.00         | 96.0    | 0.92 | 0.88 | 0.84 |
|                              |   |                      | CFM                   | 1479 | 1436        | 1387  | 1346    | 1298        | 1253         | 1206    | 1160 | 1114 | 1061 |
|                              | Low   | Blue                 | WATTS                 | 224  | 239         | 247   | 262     | 270         | 284          | 300     | 208  | 319  | 330  |
|                              |   |                      | BHP                   | 0.24 | 0.26        | 0.26  | 0.28    | 0.29        | 08.0         | 0.32    | 6:33 | 0.34 | 0.35 |
|                              |   |                      | CFM                   | 1841 | 1796        | 1761  | 1724    | 1690        | 1651         | 1616    | 1578 | 1527 | 1478 |
|                              | Med-Low   | Pink                 | WATTS                 | 425  | 434         | 453   | 460     | 476         | 485          | 501     | 809  | 525  | 542  |
|                              |   |                      | BHP                   | 0.46 | 0.47        | 0.49  | 0.49    | 0.51        | 0.52         | 0.54    | 0.54 | 0.56 | 0.58 |
|                              |   |                      | CFM                   | 1944 | 1913        | 1872  | 1838    | 1801        | 1771         | 1731    | 1698 | 1655 | 1613 |
| 09                           | Medium <sup>1</sup>   | Red                  | WATTS                 | 486  | 501         | 511   | 529     | 537         | 554          | 292     | 829  | 262  | 603  |
|                              |   |                      | BHP                   | 0.52 | 0.54        | 0.55  | 0.57    | 0.58        | 0.59         | 0.61    | 0.62 | 0.64 | 0.65 |
|                              |   |                      | CFM                   | 2178 | 2148        | 2105  | 2073    | 2036        | 2002         | 1967    | 1919 | 1845 | 1751 |
|                              | Med-High  | Orange               | WATTS                 | 674  | 691         | 703   | 717     | 733         | 743          | 758     | 754  | 734  | 701  |
|                              |   |                      | BHP                   | 0.72 | 0.74        | 0.75  | 0.77    | 0.79        | 08'0         | 0.81    | 0.81 | 62'0 | 0.75 |
|                              |   |                      | CFM                   | 2480 | 2432        | 2375  | 2322    | 2236        | 2161         | 2085    | 5006 | 1917 | 1808 |
|                              | High  | Black                | WATTS                 | 1029 | 1012        | 995   | 975     | 941         | 808          | 869     | 836  | 296  | 751  |
|                              |   |                      | BHP                   | 1.10 | 1.09        | 1.07  | 1.05    | 1.01        | 0.97         | 0.93    | 06'0 | 0.85 | 0.81 |
| ** Air delivery vaevilee are | ** Air delivery you not are without air filter and are for dry ceil (See Met Coll Breezing Dros table | J +0// 000/ 1100 125 | det gord our good lie | (0)  |             |   |         |             |              |         |      |      | 1    |

\*\* Air delivery values are without air filter and are for dry coil (See Wet Coil Pressure Drop table).

1 Factory –shipped cooling / heat pump heating speed
Note: Deduct field – supplied air filter pressure drop and wet coil pressure drop to obtain external static pressure available for ducting.

Shaded areas indicate speed/static combinations that are not permitted for dehumidification speed.

Table 7 – Filter Pressure Drop Table (IN. W.C.)

| MAN IN STEE  | COOLING             |      |         |      |      |      |      |      | STAND | ARD CF | STANDARD CFM (SCFM) |           |      |                |      |      |                |      |
|--|---------------------|------|---------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|--------|---------------------|-----------|------|----------------|------|------|----------------|------|
| ricien size in. (min)                                      | TONS                | 009  | 200 800 |      | 006  | 1000 | 1100 | 1200 |       | 1400   | 1300 1400 1500      | 1600      | 1700 | 1600 1700 1800 | 1900 | 2000 | 2000 2100 2200 | 2200 |
| 600-1400 CFM<br>12x20x1+12x20x1<br>(305x508x25+305x508x25) | 2.0,<br>2.5         | 0.03 | 0.04    | 0.05 | 90.0 | 0.06 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.08  | 0.08   | i                   | i         | i    | 1              | 1    | -    | ı              | ı    |
| 1200-1800CFM<br>16x24x1+14x24x1<br>(406x610x25+356x610x25) | 3.0,<br>3.5,<br>4.0 | -    | ı       | ı    | 1    | 0.04 | 0.05 | 90:0 | 20.0  | 0.08   | 60.0                | 60:0      | 0.10 | 0.11           | 0.12 | 0.12 | ı              | ı    |
| 1500-2200CFM<br>16x24x1+18x24x1<br>(406x610x25+457x610x25) | 5.0                 | -    | ı       | ı    | 1    | -    | 1    | ,    | ı     | ı      | 0.04                | 0.04 0.06 | 0.08 | 0.10           | 0.11 |      | 0.13 0.14      | 0.15 |

Table 8 - Wet Coil Pressure Drop (IN. W.C.)

|      |      |      |      |      |      |      | (contract and contract and cont |       | Jaran               | (-)    |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |
|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|--|-------|---------------------|--------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| LINI |      |      |      |      |      |      |  | STANE | STANDARD CFM (SCFM) | (SCFM) |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |
| SIZE | 009  | 200  | 800  | 006  | 1000 | 1100 | 1200   | 1300  | 1400                | 1200   | 1600 | 1700 | 1800 | 1900 | 2000 | 2100 | 2200 |
| 24   | 0.03 | 0.04 | 0.04 | 0.05 | 90'0 |      |  |       |                     |        |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |
| 30   |      |      |      | 0.05 | 90'0 | 0.07 | 80.0   | 0.11  |                     |        |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |
| 36   |      |      |      | 90.0 | 90.0 | 60.0 | 0.10   | 0.11  | 0.14                |        |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |
| 42   |      |      |      |      | 90.0 | 90.0 | 90.0   | 0.07  | 80.0                | 0.08   | 60.0 | 0.09 | 0.11 |      |      |      |      |
| 48   |      |      |      |      |      |      | 0.04   | 90.0  | 60'0                | 0.10   | 0.10 | 0.11 | 0.12 | 0.13 | 0.14 |      |      |
| 09   |      |      |      |      |      |      |  |       |                     | 90.0   | 0.07 | 0.01 | 80.0 | 60.0 | 0.10 | 0.12 | 0.13 |
|      |      |      |      |      |      |      |  |       |                     |        |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |

Table 9 - Economizer with 1-in. Filter Pressure Drop (IN. W.C.)

|                     | 2200                  | i  | ı  | 0.23   |
|---------------------|-----------------------|--|--|--|
|                     | 2100                  | ı  | ı  | 0.23   |
|                     | 2000                  | -  | 0.21   | 0.22   |
|                     | 1900                  | i  | 0.19   | 0.21   |
|                     | 1800                  | ı  | 0.17   | 0.20   |
|                     | 1700                  | ı  | 0.15 0.17  | 0.18   |
| (V                  | 1600                  | ı  | 0.15   | 0.17   |
| STANDARD CFM (SCFM) | 1500                  | ı  | 0.13   | 0.15   |
| IDARD CI            | 1300 1400             | 0.14   | 0.12   | ł  |
| STAN                |                       | 0.13   | 0.10   | ,  |
|                     | 1200                  | 0.11   | 60.0   | ı  |
|                     | 1100                  | 0.11   | 60.0   | ı  |
|                     | 1000                  | 0.10   | ı  | ,  |
|                     | 006                   | 0.09   | I  | ł  |
|                     | 008 002 009           | 0.08   | 1  | •  |
|                     | 700                   | ı  | ı  | ı  |
|                     | 009                   | i  | ı  | -  |
| COOLING             | TONS                  | 2.0,<br>2.5  | 3.0,<br>3.5,<br>4.0  | 5.0  |
|                     | FILLER SIZE IN. (MIM) | 600-1400 CFM<br>12x20x1+12x20x1<br>(305x508x25+305x508x25) | 1200-1800CFM<br>16x24x1+14x24x1<br>(406x610x25+356x610x25) | 1500-2200CFM<br>16x24x1+18x24x1<br>(406x610x25+457x610x25) |

# Table 10 – Electric Heat Pressure Drop Table (in. W.C.) Small Cabinet: 24-30

| CITATA |      |      |       |       |      | STANDARE | STANDARD CFM (SCFM) |      |      |      |      |      |
|--------|------|------|-------|-------|------|----------|---------------------|------|------|------|------|------|
| 2      | 200  | 009  | 002   | 800   | 006  | 1000     | 1100                | 1200 | 1300 | 1400 | 1500 | 1600 |
| 5kw    | 0.00 | 0.00 | 00.0  | 0.00  | 0.00 | 0.00     | 0.00                | 0.00 | 0.02 | 0.04 | 90'0 | 0.07 |
| 7.5 kw | 0.00 | 0.00 | 00.0  | 0.00  | 0.00 | 0.00     | 0.02                | 0.03 | 0.05 | 0.07 | 80'0 | 60.0 |
| 10 kw  | 0.00 | 0.00 | 00.0  | 00.00 | 0.00 | 0.02     | 0.04                | 90.0 | 0.07 | 60.0 | 0.10 | 0.11 |
| 15 kw  | 0.00 | 0.00 | 00.00 | 0.02  | 0.04 | 90.0     | 0.08                | 0.10 | 0.12 | 0.14 | 0.16 | 0.18 |
| 20 kw  | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.02  | 0.04  | 90.0 | 0.08     | 0.09                | 0.11 | 0.13 | 0.15 | 0.17 | 0.19 |

# Electric Heat Pressure Drop Table (in. W.C.) Large Cabinet 36-60

| STATIC         1100         1200         1300         1400         1500         1600         1700         1800         2000         2000         2100         2200         2300         2400         2500           5kw         0.00         0.00         0.00         0.01         0.02         0.03         0.04         0.05         0.06         0.07         0.08         0.09         0.10         0.11         0.12         0.13           7.5 kw         0.00         0.00         0.01         0.02         0.03         0.04         0.05         0.06         0.07         0.09         0.10         0.11         0.12         0.13           10 kw         0.00         0.00         0.01         0.02         0.03         0.04         0.05         0.06         0.07         0.08         0.10         0.11         0.12         0.13           10 kw         0.00         0.00         0.01         0.02         0.03         0.04         0.05         0.06         0.07         0.08         0.10         0.11         0.11         0.12         0.13           10 kw         0.00         0.00         0.01         0.02         0.03         0.04         0.05         0.09 <th></th>  |        |      |       |      |      |      |      |       |              |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |
|--|--------|------|-------|------|------|------|------|-------|--------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| 1100         1200         1300         1400         1500         1700         1800         1800         1900         2100         2100         2200         2300         2400         700           0.00         0.00         0.00         0.01         0.02         0.04         0.05         0.06         0.07         0.08         0.07         0.08         0.07         0.08         0.01         0.11         0.11         0.11         0.11         0.11         0.11         0.11         0.11         0.11         0.11         0.12         0.12         0.04         0.06         0.07         0.08         0.07         0.08         0.10         0.11         0.11         0.11         0.12         0.14         0.14         0.08         0.09         0.10         0.11         0.11         0.12         0.14         0.1  | CITATO |      |       |      |      |      |      | STANE | JARD CFM (St | CFM) |      |      |      |      |      |      |
| 0.00         0.00 <th< th=""><th>2</th><th>1100</th><th>1200</th><th>1300</th><th>1400</th><th>1500</th><th>1600</th><th>1700</th><th>1800</th><th>1900</th><th>2000</th><th>2100</th><th>2200</th><th>2300</th><th>2400</th><th>2500</th></th<>       | 2      | 1100 | 1200  | 1300 | 1400 | 1500 | 1600 | 1700  | 1800         | 1900 | 2000 | 2100 | 2200 | 2300 | 2400 | 2500 |
| 0.00         0.00         0.00         0.01         0.02         0.04         0.05         0.06         0.07         0.08         0.09         0.09         0.01         0.11         0.12         0.12         0.12         0.01         0.02         0.04         0.05         0.05         0.06         0.07         0.08         0.09         0.10         0.11         0.12         0.14         0.14         0.14         0.14         0.14         0.14         0.14         0.14         0.14         0.14         0.14         0.14         0.14         0.14         0.14         0.14         0.14         0.15         0.14         0.15         0.14         0.15         0.14         0.15         0.14         0.14         0.15         0.14         0.15         0.14         0.15         0.14         0.15         0.14         0.15         0.14         0.15 <th< th=""><th>5kw</th><th>0.00</th><th>00.00</th><th>0.00</th><th>0.01</th><th>0.02</th><th>0.03</th><th>0.04</th><th>0.05</th><th>0.06</th><th>0.07</th><th>0.08</th><th>60.0</th><th>0.10</th><th>0.11</th><th>0.12</th></th<>    | 5kw    | 0.00 | 00.00 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.03 | 0.04  | 0.05         | 0.06 | 0.07 | 0.08 | 60.0 | 0.10 | 0.11 | 0.12 |
| 0.00         0.00         0.00         0.01         0.02         0.02         0.05 <th< th=""><th>7.5 kw</th><th>0.00</th><th>00.00</th><th>0.01</th><th>0.02</th><th>0.03</th><th>0.04</th><th>0.05</th><th>90.0</th><th>0.07</th><th>0.08</th><th>0.09</th><th>0.10</th><th>0.11</th><th>0.12</th><th>0.13</th></th<> | 7.5 kw | 0.00 | 00.00 | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.03 | 0.04 | 0.05  | 90.0         | 0.07 | 0.08 | 0.09 | 0.10 | 0.11 | 0.12 | 0.13 |
| 0.00         0.02         0.03         0.04         0.05         0.06         0.07         0.08         0.09         0.10         0.11         0.12         0.13         0.14         0.14         0.15         0.14         0.15         0.14         0.15 <th< th=""><th>10 kw</th><th>0.00</th><th>00.00</th><th>0.01</th><th>0.02</th><th>0.03</th><th>0.04</th><th>0.05</th><th>90.0</th><th>0.07</th><th>0.08</th><th>0.09</th><th>0.10</th><th>0.11</th><th>0.12</th><th>0.13</th></th<>  | 10 kw  | 0.00 | 00.00 | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.03 | 0.04 | 0.05  | 90.0         | 0.07 | 0.08 | 0.09 | 0.10 | 0.11 | 0.12 | 0.13 |
| 0.02         0.03         0.04         0.05         0.06         0.07         0.08         0.09         0.10         0.11         0.12         0.13         0.14         0.15  | 15 kw  | 0.00 | 0.02  | 0.03 | 0.04 | 0.05 | 90.0 | 0.07  | 90.0         | 0.09 | 0.10 | 0.11 | 0.12 | 0.13 | 0.14 | 0.15 |
|  | 20 kw  | 0.02 | 0.03  | 0.04 | 0.05 | 90.0 | 0.07 | 0.08  | 60.0         | 0.10 | 0.11 | 0.12 | 0.13 | 0.14 | 0.15 | 0.16 |

## **MAINTENANCE**

To ensure continuing high performance, and to minimize the possibility of premature equipment failure, periodic maintenance must be performed on this equipment. This heat pump unit should be inspected at least once each year by a qualified service person. To troubleshoot unit, refer to Table 11.

**NOTE**: TO EQUIPMENT OWNER: Consult your local dealer about the availability of a maintenance contract.

## WARNING

#### PERSONAL INJURY AND UNIT DAMAGE HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury or death and unit component damage.

The ability to properly perform maintenance on this equipment requires certain expertise, mechanical skills, tools and equipment. If you do not possess these, do not attempt to perform any maintenance on this equipment, other than those procedures recommended in the Owner's Manual.

## WARNING

## ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD

Failure to follow these warnings could result in personal injury or death:

- Turn off electrical power to the unit and install a lockout tag before performing any maintenance or service on this unit.
- 2. Use extreme caution when removing panels and parts.
- 3. Never place anything combustible either on or in contact with the unit.

## **A** CAUTION

## UNIT OPERATION HAZARD

Failure to follow this caution may result in improper operation.

Errors made when reconnecting wires may cause improper and dangerous operation. Label all wires prior to disconnecting when servicing.

The minimum maintenance requirements for this equipment are as follows:

- Inspect air filter(s) each month. Clean or replace when necessary.
- 2. Inspect indoor coil, drain pan, and condensate drain each cooling season for cleanliness. Clean when necessary.
- 3. Inspect blower motor and wheel for cleanliness each cooling season. Clean when necessary.
- 4. Check electrical connections for tightness and controls for proper operation each cooling season. Service when necessary.

## Step 1 — Air Filter

**IMPORTANT**: Never operate the unit without a suitable air filter in the return-air duct system. Always replace the filter with the same dimensional size and type as originally installed. See Table 1 for recommended filter sizes.

Inspect air filter(s) at least once each month and replace (throwaway-type) or clean (cleanable-type) at least twice during each cooling season and twice during the heating season, or whenever the filter becomes clogged with dust and lint.

#### **Indoor Blower and Motor**

**NOTE**: All motors are pre-lubricated. Do not attempt to lubricate these motors.

**NOTE**: 460 volt units have a stepdown autotransformer that supplies approximately 230 volts to a nominal 230 volt indoor blower motor.

For longer life, operating economy, and continuing efficiency, clean accumulated dirt and grease from the blower wheel and motor annually.

## **WARNING**

#### ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury or death.

Disconnect and tag electrical power to the unit before cleaning the blower motor and wheel.

To clean the blower motor and wheel:

- 1. Remove and disassemble blower assembly as follows:
  - a. Remove blower access panel (see Fig 22).
  - b. Disconnect 5 pin plug and 4 pin plug from indoor blower motor. Remove capacitor if required.
  - c. On all units remove blower assembly from unit. Remove screws securing blower to blower partition and slide assembly out. Be careful not to tear insulation in blower compartment.
  - d. Ensure proper reassembly by marking blower wheel and motor in relation to blower housing before disassembly.
  - Loosen setscrew(s) that secures wheel to motor shaft, remove screws that secure motor mount brackets to housing, and slide motor and motor mount out of housing.
- 2. Remove and clean blower wheel as follows:
  - a. Ensure proper reassembly by marking wheel orientation.
  - b. Lift wheel from housing. When handling and/or cleaning blower wheel, be sure not to disturb balance weights (clips) on blower wheel vanes.
  - c. Remove caked-on dirt from wheel and housing with a brush. Remove lint and/or dirt accumulations from wheel and housing with vacuum cleaner, using soft brush attachment. Remove grease and oil with mild solvent.
  - d. Reassemble wheel into housing.
  - e. Reassemble motor into housing. Be sure setscrews are tightened on motor shaft flats and not on round part of shaft. Reinstall blower into unit. Reinstall capacitor.
  - f. Connect 5 pin plug and 4 pin plug to indoor blower motor.
  - g. Reinstall blower access panel (see Fig. 23).
- Restore electrical power to unit. Start unit and check for proper blower rotation and motor speeds during cooling cycles.

|                           |          |                     |                      |           |                     |                    |                    |                    |          |                    |                    |                    |   |                    | 000  | N INC ON V CHARONIC PROCEDURE                               |
|---------------------------|----------|---------------------|----------------------|-----------|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---|--------------------|------|---|
|                           |          |                     |                      | (0        |                     |                    | HARGING            |                    |          |                    |                    |                    |   |                    | COC  | LING ONLY CHARGING PROCEDURE                                |
|                           |          |                     |                      | (SUPERH   |                     |                    |                    | JCTION SEI         |          | ·                  |                    |                    |   |                    |      | perate unit a minimum of 10 minutes                         |
| OUTDOOR                   | //->     |                     |                      |           |                     |                    |                    | RING AIR           |          |                    |                    |                    |   |                    | b    | efore checking charge.                                      |
| TEMP °F (°C)              | 50 (10)  | 52 (11)             | 54 (12)              | 56 (13)   | 58 (14)             | 60 (16)            | 62 (17)            | 64 (18)            |          | 68 (20)            |                    | 72 (22)            | 74 (23)                                 | 76 (24)            | 2. N | leasure suction pressure by attaching                       |
| 55 (12.7)                 | 9 (5.0)  | 12 (6.7)            | 14 (7.8)             |           | 20 (11)             | 23 (13)            | 26 (14)            | 29 (16)            |          | 35 (19)            |                    | 40 (22)            | 42 (23)                                 | 45 (25)            |      | n accurate gauge to compressor suction                      |
| 60 (15.6)<br>65 (18.3)    | 7 (3.9)  | 10 (5.6)<br>6 (3.3) | 12 (6.7)<br>10 (5.6) |           | 18 (10)<br>16 (8.9) | 21 (12)<br>19 (11) | 24 (13)<br>21 (12) | 27 (15)<br>24 (13) |          | 33 (18)<br>30 (17) | 35 (19)<br>33 (18) | 38 (21)<br>36 (20) | 40 (22)<br>38 (21)                      | 43 (24)<br>41 (23) |      | ide service port  |
| 70 (21.1)                 | _        | - (3.3)             | 7 (3.9)              | 10 (5.6)  | 13 (7.2)            | 16 (8.9)           | 19 (11)            | 21 (12)            |          | 27 (15)            | 30 (17)            | 33 (18)            | 36 (20)                                 | 39 (22)            | 0    | leasure suction side temperature                            |
| 75 (23.9)                 |          |                     | 7 (3.9)              | 6 (3.3)   | 9 (5.0)             | 12 (6.7)           | 15 (8.3)           |                    | 21 (12)  | 24 (13)            | 28 (16)            | 31 (17)            | 34 (19)                                 |                    |      | y attaching an accurate thermisitor                         |
| 80 (26.7)                 | _        |                     |                      | 0 (3.3)   | 5 (2.8)             | 8 (4.4)            | 12 (6.7)           | 15 (8.3)           |          | 21 (12)            | 25 (14)            | 28 (16)            | 31 (17)                                 |                    |      | ype or electronic thermometer to suction                    |
| 85 (29.4)                 | _        |                     |                      | _         | 3 (2.0)             | 0 (4.4)            | 8 (4.4)            |                    | 15 (8.3) | 19 (11)            | 22 (12)            | 26 (14)            | 30 (17)                                 | 33 (18)            |      | ne about 10 inches from compressor.                         |
| 90 (32.2)                 |          |                     |                      |           |                     |                    | 5 (2.8)            | 9 (5.0)            | 13 (7.2) | 16 (8.9)           | 20 (11)            | 24 (13)            | 27 (15)                                 |                    | ,    | leasure outdoor air dry-bulb temperature  vith thermometer. |
| 95 (35.0)                 |          |                     |                      |           |                     |                    | - (Z.0)            | 6 (3.3)            | 10 (5.6) | 14 (7.8)           | 18 (10)            | 22 (12)            | 25 (14)                                 |                    |      | leasure indoor air (return air) wet-bulb                    |
| 100 (37.7)                |          |                     |                      |           |                     |                    |                    | - (0.0)            | 8 (4.4)  | 12 (6.7)           | 15 (8.3)           | 20 (11)            | 23 (13)                                 |                    |      | emperature with a sling psychrometer                        |
| 105 (40.6)                |          | _                   |                      |           |                     |                    | _                  | _                  | 5 (2.8)  | 9 (5.0)            | 13 (7.2)           | 17 (9.4)           | 22 (12)                                 |                    |      | r electronic equivalent.                                    |
| 110 (43.3)                | _        | _                   |                      | _         | _                   |                    | _                  | _                  | - (E.O)  | 6 (3.3)            | 11 (6.1)           | 15 (8.3)           | 20 (11)                                 |                    |      | Ising Superheat Charging Table find                         |
| 115 (46.1)                | -        | -                   | _                    | _         | _                   | -                  | _                  | _                  | _        | _                  | 8 (4.4)            | 14 (7.8)           | 18 (10)                                 |                    |      | utdoor temperature and indoor air wet-                      |
| , ,                       | F        | REQUIRED            | SUCTIO               | N TUBE 1  | EMPERA              | TURE °F            | (°C)               |                    |          |                    |                    |                    | . ,                                     |                    |      | ulb temperature. At this intersection                       |
|                           |          | (MEASURE            | D AT COM             | PRESSOR S | SUCTION SI          | ERVICE PO          | RT)                |                    |          |                    |                    |                    |   |                    | n    | ote superheat. Where a dash (-) appears                     |
| OUDEDUEAT                 |          | SUCTIO              | N PRESS              | URE AT S  | UCTION :            | SERVICE            | PORT PS            | IG (kPa)           |          |                    |                    |                    |   |                    |      | n table do not attempt to charge unit                       |
| SUPERHEAT<br>TEMP °F (°C) | 107      | 111                 | 116                  | 120       | 125                 | 130                | 135                | 140                | 145      |                    |                    |                    |   |                    |      | nder these conditions or refrigerant                        |
| TEMIT 1 ( C)              | (738)    | (766)               | (800)                | (828)     | (862)               | (897)              | (931)              | (966)              | (1000)   |                    |                    |                    |   |                    |      | lugging may occur. In this situation                        |
| 0 (0)                     | 35 (1.7) | 37 (2.8)            | 39 (3.9)             |           | 43 (6.1)            |                    | 47 (8.3)           | 49 (9.4)           | 51 (11)  |                    |                    |                    |   |                    |      | efrigerant must be evacuated and                            |
| 2 (1.1)                   | 37 (2.8) |                     | 41 (5.0)             |           | 45 (7.2)            |                    | 49 (9.4)           | 51 (11)            | 53 (12)  |                    |                    |                    |   |                    | w    | eighed in. See rating plate for charge                      |
| 4 (2.2)                   |          |                     | 43 (6.1)             |           | 47 (8.3)            |                    |                    | 53 (12)            |          |                    |                    |                    |   |                    |      | uantity.  |
| 6 (3.3)                   |          | 43 (6.1)            | 45 (7.2)             |           | 49 (9.4)            |                    | 53 (12)            | 55 (13)            | 57 (14)  |                    |                    |                    |   |                    | 7. R | lefer to Required Suction Tube Temp.                        |
| 8 (4.4)                   | 43 (6.1) |                     | 47 (8.3)             |           | 51 (11)             | 53 (12)            | 55 (13)            | 57 (14)            | 59 (15)  |                    |                    |                    |   |                    |      | able. Find superheat temperature located                    |
| 10 (5.6)                  | 45 (7.2) |                     | 49 (9.4)             | 51 (11)   | 53 (12)             | 55 (13)            | 57 (14)            | 59 (15)            | 61 (16)  |                    |                    |                    |   | _                  |      | n step 6 and suction pressure. At this                      |
| 12 (6.7)                  | 47 (8.3) | 49 (9.4)            | 51 (11)              | 53 (12)   | 55 (13)             | 57 (14)            | 59 (15)            | 61 (16)            | 63 (17)  |                    |                    | П                  |   |                    |      | ntersection note suction line temperature.                  |
| 14 (7.8)                  | 49 (9.4) | 51 (11)             | 53 (12)              | 55 (13)   | 57 (14)             | 59 (15)            | 61 (16)            | 63 (17)            | 65 (18)  |                    |                    | ш                  | 74°                                     | ď                  |      | unit has a higher suction line temperature                  |
| 16 (8.9)                  | 51 (11)  | 53 (12)             | 55 (13)              | 57 (14)   | 59 (15)             | 61 (16)            | 63 (17)            | 65 (18)            | 67 (19)  |                    |                    |                    | 5 <u>,</u> \$1                          | <b>T</b>           | th   | nan charted temperature, add refrigerant                    |
| 18 (10.0)                 | 53 (12)  | 55 (13)             | 57 (14)              | 59 (15)   | 61 (16)             | 63 (17)            | 65 (18)            | 67 (19)            | 69 (21)  |                    |                    | ٣                  | _P (.                                   | •                  | u    | ntil charted temperature is reached.                        |
| 20 (11.1)                 | 55 (13)  | 57 (14)             | 59 (15)              | 61 (16)   | 63 (17)             | 65 (18)            | 67 (19)            | 69 (21)            | 71 (22)  |                    |                    | ш-                 | -43                                     | 7                  |      | unit has a lower suction line temperature                   |
| 22 (12.2)                 | 57 (14)  | 59 (15)             | 61 (16)              | 63 (17)   | 65 (18)             | 67 (19)            | 69 (21)            | 71 (22)            | 73 (23)  |                    |                    | TT-                | .,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, | ē                  |      | nan charted temperature, reclaim                            |
| 24 (13.3)                 | 59 (15)  | 61 (16)             | 63 (17)              | 65 (18)   | 67 (19)             | 69 (21)            | 71 (22)            | 73 (23)            | 75 (24)  |                    |                    |                    |   | _                  |      | efrigerant until charted temperature is                     |
|                           |          |                     |                      |           |                     |                    |                    |                    |          |                    |                    |                    |   |                    |      |   |
| 26 (14.4)                 | 61 (16)  | 63 (17)             |                      |           |                     |                    | 73 (23)            | 75 (24)            |          |                    |                    | 50ZH50             | 0518 RE                                 | V. A               |      | eached.<br>If outdoor air temperature or pressure at        |

85 (29) 87 (31) 89 (32)

63 (17) 65 (18) 67 (19) 69 (21) 71 (22) 73 (23) 75 (24) 77 (25) 79 (26)

65 (18) 67 (19) 69 (21) 71 (22) 73 (23) 75 (24) 77 (25) 79 (26) 81 (27) 67 (19) 69 (21) 71 (22) 73 (23) 75 (24) 77 (25) 79 (26) 81 (27) 83 (28)

69 (21) 71 (22) 73 (23) 75 (24) 79 (26) 79 (26) 81 (27) 83 (28) 85 (29) 71 (22) 73 (23) 75 (24) 81 (27) 81 (27) 81 (27) 83 (28) 85 (29) 87 (31) 73 (23) 75 (24) 83 (28) 83 (28) 83 (28) 83 (28) 85 (29) 87 (31) 89 (32)

75 (24) 85 (29) 85 (29) 85 (29) 85 (29)





1. Operate unit a minimum of 10 minutes

- before checking charge.
- Measure suction pressure by attaching an accurate gauge to compressor suction side service port.
- 3. Measure suction side temperature by attaching an accurate thermisitor type or electronic thermometer to suction line about 10 inches from compressor.
- 4. Measure outdoor air dry-bulb temperature with thermometer.
- Measure indoor air (return air) wet-bulb temperature with a sling psychrometer or electronic equivalent.
- Using Superheat Charging Table find outdoor temperature and indoor air wetbulb temperature. At this intersection note superheat. Where a dash (-) appears on table do not attempt to charge unit under these conditions or refrigerant slugging may occur. In this situation refrigerant must be evacuated and weighed in. See rating plate for charge
- quantity.

  7. Refer to Required Suction Tube Temp.
  table. Find superheat temperature located in step 6 and suction pressure. At this intersection note suction line temperature.
- 8. If unit has a higher suction line temperature than charted temperature, add refrigerant until charted temperature is reached.
- If unit has a lower suction line temperature than charted temperature, reclaim refrigerant until charted temperature is reached.
- 10. If outdoor air temperature or pressure at suction port changes, charge to new suction line temperature indicated on chart

Superheat charging table is derived from optimum performance point. (95°F [35°C] outdoor ambient and (80°F [27°C] dry bulb; 67°F [19°C] wet bulb indoor condition.) Where a dash(--) appears do not attempt to check charge or charge unit under these conditions using the superheat method. (Weigh in method should be used.)

|   |                               | Required Su                   | bcooling °F(°       | C)             |                | I                  |            |            | Red      | quired Lie | quid Line | Temperature for a Specific | c Subcoolin       | g (R-410/ | Α)       |          |           |          |
|---|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|----------------|----------------|--------------------|------------|------------|----------|------------|-----------|----------------------------|-------------------|-----------|----------|----------|-----------|----------|
|   |                               | Outdoor A                     | mbient Tempe        | erature °F(°C) |                |                    |            | Require    | d Subcoo | oling (°F) |           |                            |                   |           | Require  | d Subcoo | ling (°C) |          |
| Model Size                              | 75 (24)                       | 85 (29)                       | 95 (35)             | 105 (41)       | 115 (46)       | Pressure<br>(psig) | 5          | 10         | 15       | 20         | 25        | 1                          | Pressure<br>(kPa) | 3         | 6        | 8        | 11        | 14       |
| 024                                     | 15(8.4)                       | 15(8.3)                       | 15(8.3)             | 15(8.1)        | 15(8.4)        | 189                | 61         | 56         | 51       | 46         | 41        | 1                          | 1303              | 16        | 13       | 11       | 8         | 5        |
| 030                                     | 15(8.3)                       | 15(8.6)                       | 16(8.7)             | 15(8.6)        | 15(8.3)        | 196                | 63         | 58         | 53       | 48         | 43        |                            | 1351              | 17        | 15       | 12       | 9         | 6        |
| 036                                     | 15(8.3)                       | 15(8.4)                       | 16(8.7)             | 16(8.8)        | 16(8.8)        | 203                | 66         | 61         | 56       | 51         | 46        |                            | 1399              | 19        | 16       | 13       | 10        | 8        |
| 042                                     | 19(10.7)                      | 20(10.9)                      | 20(10.9)            | 20(11.2)       | 21(11.4)       | 210                | 68         | 63         | 58       | 53         | 48        |                            | 1448              | 20        | 17       | 14       | 11        | 9        |
|   |                               |                               |                     |                |                | 217                | 70         | 65         | 60       | 55         | 50        |                            | 1496              | 21        | 18       | 15       | 13        | 10       |
| 060                                     | 11(6.3)                       | 11(6)                         | 10(5.6)             | 10(5.7)        | 10(5.4)        | 224                | 72         | 67         | 62       | 57         | 52        |                            | 1544              | 22        | 19       | 16       | 14        | 11       |
|   |                               |                               |                     |                |                | 231                | 74         | 69         | 64       | 59         | 54        |                            | 1593              | 23        | 20       | 18       | 15        | 12       |
|   |                               |                               |                     |                |                | 238                | 76         | 71         | 66       | 61         | 56        |                            | 1641              | 24        | 21       | 19       | 16        | 13       |
| <u>Cha</u>                              | rging Proc                    | <u>edure</u>                  |                     |                |                | 245                | 77         | 72         | 67       | 62         | 57        |                            | 1689              | 25        | 22       | 20       | 17        | 14       |
|   |                               |                               |                     |                |                | 252                | 79         | 74         | 69       | 64         | 59        |                            | 1737              | 26        | 23       | 21       | 18        | 15       |
| 1- Measure I                            | Discharge lin                 | e pressure b                  | y attaching a       | gauge to the   | service port.  | 260                | 81         | 76         | 71       | 66         | 61        |                            | 1792              | 27        | 25       | 22       | 19        | 16       |
|   |                               | •                             |                     |                |                | 268                | 83         | 78         | 73       | 68         | 63        |                            | 1848              | 29        | 26       | 23       | 20        | 17       |
|   | the Liquid lin                | e temperatur                  | e by attaching      | g a temperatu  | re sensing     | 276                | 85         | 80         | 75       | 70         | 65        |                            | 1903              | 30        | 27       | 24       | 21        | 19       |
| device to it.                           |                               |                               |                     |                |                | 284                | 87         | 82         | 77       | 72         | 67        |                            | 1958              | 31        | 28       | 25       | 22        | 20       |
|   | ne temperatu<br>ct the readin |                               | evice so that       | the Outdoor A  | Ambient        | 292                | 89         | 84<br>86   | 79       | 74<br>76   | 69        |                            | 2013              | 32<br>33  | 29<br>30 | 26       | 23<br>24  | 21<br>22 |
|   |                               | •                             | 46 - 4-61- 6        |                | 4-1-1          | 300                | 91<br>93   |            | 81<br>83 |            | 71<br>73  |                            | 2068              | 34        | 31       | 27       |           | 23       |
| the Outdoor                             |                               |                               | the table bas       | ed on the mo   | idei size and  | 309<br>318         | 93<br>95   | 88<br>90   | 85       | 78<br>80   | 75        |                            | 2130<br>2192      | 35        | 31       | 28<br>29 | 26<br>27  | 23       |
|   |                               |                               | omnoratura li       | es in betweer  | the table      | 318                | 95         | 90         | 85<br>87 | 82         | 75<br>77  |                            | 2192              | 36        | 32       | 29<br>31 | 28        | 25       |
| values.                                 | e ii tile Outu                | oor ambient                   | emperature n        | es iii betweei | i tile table   | 336                | 99         | 94         | 89       | 84         | 79        |                            | 2316              | 37        | 34       | 32       | 29        | 26<br>26 |
|   |                               |                               |                     | ing to the the | measured       | 345                | 101        | 96         | 91       | 86         | 81        |                            | 2378              | 38        | 35       | 33       | 30        | 27       |
|   |                               | ssor Discharg                 |                     |                |                | 354                | 103        | 98         | 93       | 88         | 83        |                            | 2440              | 39        | 36       | 34       | 31        | 28       |
|   |                               | Pressure rea<br>ed Subcooling |                     | the Liquid li  | ne             | 364<br>374         | 105<br>107 | 100<br>102 | 95<br>97 | 90<br>92   | 85<br>87  |                            | 2509<br>2578      | 40<br>41  | 38<br>39 | 35<br>36 | 32<br>33  | 29<br>30 |
| 8- Add Char                             | ge if the mea                 | sured tempe                   | -<br>rature is high | er than the ta | ble value.     | 384                | 108        | 103        | 98       | 93         | 88        | 1                          | 2647              | 42        | 40       | 37       | 34        | 31       |
|   | •                             |                               | •                   |                |                | 394                | 110        | 105        | 100      | 95         | 90        |                            | 2716              | 44        | 41       | 38       | 35        | 32       |
| 9 - Remove                              | charge if the                 | measured te                   | mperature is        | lower than the | e table value. | 404                | 112        | 107        | 102      | 97         | 92        |                            | 2785              | 45        | 42       | 39       | 36        | 33       |
|   | -                             |                               |                     |                |                | 414                | 114        | 109        | 104      | 99         | 94        |                            | 2854              | 46        | 43       | 40       | 37        | 34       |
|   |                               |                               |                     |                |                | 424                | 116        | 111        | 106      | 101        | 96        | 1                          | 2923              | 47        | 44       | 41       | 38        | 35       |
|   |                               |                               |                     |                |                | 434                | 118        | 113        | 108      | 103        | 98        |                            | 2992              | 48        | 45       | 42       | 39        | 36       |
|   |                               |                               |                     |                |                | 444                | 119        | 114        | 109      | 104        | 99        |                            | 3061              | 48        | 46       | 43       | 40        | 37       |
|   |                               |                               |                     |                |                | 454                | 121        | 116        | 111      | 106        | 101       | 1                          | 3130              | 49        | 47       | 44       | 41        | 38       |
|   |                               |                               |                     |                |                | 464                | 123        | 118        | 113      | 108        | 103       | 880801000                  | 3199              | 50        | 48       | 45       | 42        | 39       |
|   |                               |                               |                     |                |                | 474                | 124        | 119        | 114      | 109        | 104       | MACE STORE                 | 3268              | 51        | 48       | 46       | 43        | 40       |
|   |                               |                               |                     |                |                | 484                | 126        | 121        | 116      | 111        | 106       | 1,000,000                  | 3337              | 52        | 49       | 47       | 44        | 41       |
|   |                               |                               |                     |                |                | 494                | 127        | 122        | 117      | 112        | 107       | HERMAN P                   | 3406              | 53        | 50       | 47       | 45        | 42       |
|   |                               |                               |                     |                |                | 504                | 129        | 124        | 119      | 114        | 109       |                            | 3475              | 54        | 51       | 48       | 46        | 43       |
| • |                               | 50VT50                        | 0594 REV            |                |                | 514                | 131        | 126        | 121      | 116        | 111       |                            | 3544              | 55        | 52       | 49       | 46        | 44       |
|   |                               |                               |                     |                |                | 524                | 132        | 127        | 122      | 117        | 112       | 50VT500594 REV             | 3612              | 56        | 53       | 50       | 47        | 45       |
|   |                               |                               |                     |                |                | 534                | 134        | 129        | 124      | 119        | 114       |                            | 3681              | 56        | 54       | 51       | 48        | 45       |

To properly check or adjust charge, conditions must be favorable for subcooling charging. Favorable conditions exist when the outdoor temperature is between 75°F to 115°F (24°C and 46°C), and the indoor temperature is between 70°F and 80°F (21°C and 27°C). Follow the procedure above.

Fig. 20 - Cooling Charging Table-Subcooling

28 (15.6)

30 (16.7) 32 (17.8)

34 (18.9) 36 (20.0) 38 (21.1) 40 (22.2)

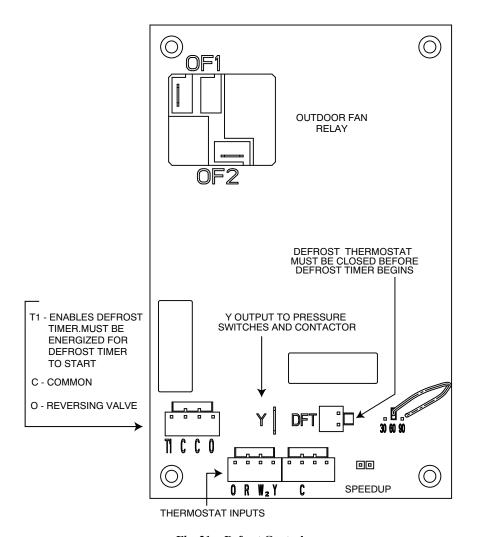


Fig. 21 - Defrost Control

# Step 2 — Outdoor Coil, Indoor Coil, and Condensate Drain Pan

Inspect the condenser coil, evaporator coil, and condensate drain pan at least once each year.

The coils are easily cleaned when dry; therefore, inspect and clean the coils either before or after each cooling season. Remove all obstructions, including weeds and shrubs, that interfere with the airflow through the condenser coil.

Straighten bent fins with a fin comb. If coated with dirt or lint, clean the coils with a vacuum cleaner, using the soft brush attachment. Be careful not to bend the fins. If coated with oil or grease, clean the coils with a mild detergent-and-water solution. Rinse coils with clear water, using a garden hose. Be careful not to splash water on motors, insulation, wiring, or air filter(s). For best results, spray condenser coil fins from inside to outside the unit. On units with an outer and inner condenser coil, be sure to clean between the coils. Be sure to flush all dirt and debris from the unit base.

Inspect the drain pan and condensate drain line when inspecting the coils. Clean the drain pan and condensate drain by removing all foreign matter from the pan. Flush the pan and drain trough with clear water. Do not splash water on the insulation, motor, wiring, or air filter(s). If the drain tube is restricted, clear it with a plumbers snake or similar probe device.

## Step 3 — Outdoor Fan

Keep the condenser fan free from all obstructions to ensure proper cooling operation. Never place articles on top of the unit. Damage to unit may result.

- Remove 6 screws holding outdoor grille and motor to top cover.
- Turn motor/grille assembly upside down on top cover to expose fan blade.
- 3. Inspect the fan blades for cracks or bends.
- If fan needs to be removed, loosen setscrew and slide fan off motor shaft.
- When replacing fan blade, position blade back to same position as before.
- 6. Ensure that setscrew engages the flat area on the motor shaft when tightening.
- 7. Replace grille.

## Step 4 — Electrical Controls and Wiring

Inspect and check the electrical controls and wiring annually. Be sure to turn off the electrical power to the unit.

Remove access panels (see Fig 22) to locate all the electrical controls and wiring. Check all electrical connections for tightness. Tighten all screw connections. If any discolored or burned connections are noticed, disassemble the connection, clean all the parts, restrip the wire end and reassemble the connection properly and securely.

After inspecting the electrical controls and wiring, replace all the panels. Start the unit, and observe at least one complete cooling cycle to ensure proper operation. If discrepancies are observed in operating cycle, or if a suspected malfunction has occurred, check each electrical component with the proper electrical instrumentation. Refer to the unit wiring label when making these checkouts.

## Step 5 — Refrigerant Circuit

Inspect all refrigerant tubing connections.

If low performance is suspected, leak-test all refrigerant tubing using an electronic leak detector, or liquid-soap solution. If a refrigerant leak is detected, refer to Check for Refrigerant Leaks section.

If no refrigerant leaks are found and low performance is suspected, refer to Checking and Adjusting Refrigerant Charge section.

## Step 6 — Indoor Airflow

The heating and/or cooling airflow does not require checking unless improper performance is suspected. If a problem exists, be sure that all supply-air and return-air grilles are open and free from obstructions, and that the air filter is clean. When necessary, refer to Indoor Airflow and Airflow Adjustments section to check the system airflow.

## Step 7 — Metering Devices-TXV & Piston

This unit uses 2 types of metering devices. The outdoor metering device is a fixed orifice and is contained in the brass hex-body in each liquid line feeding the outdoor coils. The indoor metering device is a TXV type device.

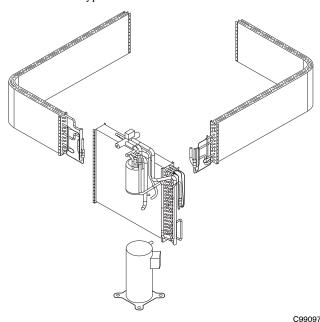


Fig. 22 - Refrigerant Circuit

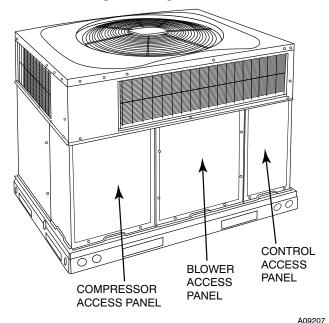
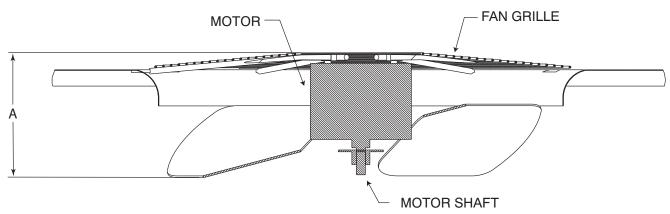


Fig. 23 - Unit Access Panels

## **Step 8** — **Pressure Switches**

Pressure switches are protective devices wired into control circuit (low voltage). They shut off compressor if abnormally high or low pressures are present in the refrigeration circuit. These pressure switches are specifically designed to operate with R-410A systems. R-22 pressure switches must not be used as replacements for the R-410A system.



## MAX DISTANCE BETWEEN TOP OF FAN GRILLE AND BOTTOM OF FAN BLADE

A08505

| SIZE | " <i>i</i> | Α"  |
|------|------------|-----|
| 0.22 | IN.        | ММ  |
| 24   | 9.0        | 228 |
| 30   | 7.1        | 180 |
| 36   | 7.6        | 193 |
| 42   | 7.6        | 193 |
| 48   | 7.6        | 193 |
| 60   | 7.6        | 193 |

Fig. 24 - Fan Blade Position

## Step 9 — Loss of Charge Switch

This switch is located on the liquid line and protects against low suction pressures caused by such events as loss of charge, low airflow across indoor coil, dirty filters, etc. It opens on a pressure drop at about 20 psig. If system pressure is above this, switch should be closed. To check switch:

- 1. Turn off all power to unit.
- 2. Disconnect leads on switch.
- 3. Apply ohm meter leads across switch. You should have continuity on a good switch.

**NOTE**: Because these switches are attached to refrigeration system under pressure, it is not advisable to remove this device for troubleshooting unless you are reasonably certain that a problem exists. If switch must be removed, remove and recover all system charge so that pressure gauges read 0 psig. Never open system without breaking vacuum with dry nitrogen.

## Step 10 — High-Pressure Switch

The high-pressure switch is located in the discharge line and protects against excessive condenser coil pressure. It opens at 650 psig.

High pressure may be caused by a dirty outdoor coil, failed fan motor, or outdoor air recirculation.

To check switch:

- 1. Turn off all power to unit.
- 2. Disconnect leads on switch.
- 3. Apply ohm meter leads across switch. You should have continuity on a good switch.

# Step 11 — Copeland Scroll Compressor (R-410A Refrigerant)

The compressor used in this product is specifically designed to operate with R-410A refrigerant and cannot be interchanged.

## **A** WARNING

#### EXPLOSION HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in personal injury, death or property damage.

Wear safety glasses and gloves when handling refrigerants. Keep torches and other ignition sources away from refrigerant and oils.

The scroll compressor pumps refrigerant throughout the system by the interaction of a stationary and an orbiting scroll. The scroll compressor has no dynamic suction or discharge valves, and it is more tolerant of stresses caused by debris, liquid slugging, and flooded starts. The compressor is equipped with an internal pressure relief port. The pressure relief port is a safety device, designed to protect against extreme high pressure. The relief port has an operating range between 550 and 625 psig differential pressure.

## **Step 12 — Refrigerant System**

This step covers the refrigerant system including the compressor oil needed, servicing systems on roofs containing synthetic materials, the filter drier and refrigerant charging.

## Refrigerant

## WARNING

## PROPERTY HAZARD, PERSONAL INJURY OR ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARD

Failure to follow this warning could result in property damage or personal injury or death.

This system uses R-410A refrigerant which has higher operating pressures than R-22 and other refrigerants. No other refrigerant may be used in this system. Gauge set, hoses, and recovery system must be designed to handle R-410A. If you are unsure consult the equipment manufacturer.

This system uses R-410A refrigerant which has higher operating pressures than R-22 and other refrigerants. No other refrigerant may be used in this system. Gage set, hoses, and recovery system must be designed to handle R-410A. If you are unsure, consult the equipment manufacturer. Failure to use R-410A compatible servicing equipment or replacement components may result in property damage or injury.

#### **Compressor Oil**

The Copeland scroll compressor uses 3MAF POE oil. If additional oil is needed, use Uniqema RL32-3MAF. If this oil is not available, use Copeland Ultra 32 CC or Mobil Arctic EAL22 CC. This oil is extremely hygroscopic, meaning it absorbs water readily. POE oils can absorb 15 times as much water as other oils designed to HCFC and CFC refrigerants. Take all necessary precautions to avoid exposure of the oil to the atmosphere.

## **Servicing Systems on Roofs with Synthetic Materials**

POE (polyolester) compressor lubricants are known to cause long term damage to some synthetic roofing materials. Exposure, even if immediately cleaned up, may cause embrittlement (leading to cracking) to occur in one year or more. When performing any service that may risk exposure of compressor oil to the roof, take appropriate precautions to protect roofing. Procedures which risk oil leakage include, but are not limited to, compressor replacement, repairing refrigerant leaks, replacing refrigerant components such as filter drier, pressure switch, metering device, coil, accumulator, or reversing valve.

#### **Synthetic Roof Precautionary Procedure**

- 1. Cover extended roof working area with an impermeable polyethylene (plastic) drip cloth or tarp. Cover an approximate 10x10 ft (3x3 m) area.
- Cover area in front of the unit service panel with a terry cloth shop towel to absorb lubricant spills and prevent run-offs, and protect drop cloth from tears caused by tools or components.
- Place terry cloth shop towel inside unit immediately under component(s) to be serviced and prevent lubricant run-offs through the louvered openings in the unit base.
- 4. Perform required service.
- Remove and dispose of any oil contaminated material per local codes.

## **Liquid Line Filter Drier**

The biflow filter drier is specifically designed to operate with R-410A. Use only factory-authorized components. Filter drier must be replaced whenever the refrigerant system is opened. When removing a filter drier, use a tubing cutter to cut the drier from the system. Do not unsweat a filter drier from the system. Heat from unsweating will release moisture and contaminants from drier into system.

#### **R-410A Refrigerant Charging**

Refer to unit information plate and charging chart. Some R-410A refrigerant cylinders contain a dip tube to allow liquid refrigerant to flow from cylinder in upright position. For cylinders equipped with a dip tube, charge R-410A units with cylinder in upright position and a commercial metering device in manifold hose. Charge refrigerant into suction-line.

## Step 13 — System Information

## **Loss of Charge Switch**

The loss of charge switch is a protective device wired into control circuit (low voltage). It shuts off the compressor if abnormally low pressures are present in the refrigeration circuit.

**NOTE**: Because these switches are attached to refrigeration system under pressure, it is not advisable to remove this device for troubleshooting unless you are reasonably certain that a problem exists. If switch must be removed, remove and recover all system charge so that pressure gauges read 0 psig. Never open system without breaking vacuum with dry nitrogen.

#### **Check Defrost Thermostat**

The defrost thermostat is usually located on the lowest liquid leaving circuit of the left condenser coil (see Fig. 25). The thermostat closes at  $32^{\circ}F$  (0°C) and opens at  $65^{\circ}F$  (18°C).

The defrost thermostat signals heat pump that conditions are right for defrost or that conditions have changed to terminate defrost. It is a thermally actuated switch clamped to outdoor coil to sense its temperature. Normal temperature range is closed at  $32^{\circ} \pm 3^{\circ}F$  (0  $\pm 1.7^{\circ}C$ ) and open at  $65^{\circ} \pm 5^{\circ}F$  ( $18 \pm 2.8^{\circ}C$ ).

**NOTE**: The defrost thermostat must be located on the liquid side of the outdoor coil on the bottom circuit and as close to the coil as possible. The factor location is on the left/back coil.

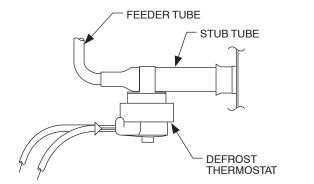


Fig. 25 - Defrost Thermostat

C99029

## TROUBLESHOOTING

Refer to the Cooling and Heating Troubleshooting Chart (Table 11) for troubleshooting information.

## START-UP CHECKLIST

Use the Start-Up Checklist.

#### R-410A QUICK REFERENCE GUIDE

- R-410A refrigerant operates at 50-70 percent higher pressures than R-22. Be sure that servicing equipment and replacement components are designed to operate with R-410A
- R-410A refrigerant cylinders are rose colored.
- Recovery cylinder service pressure rating must be 400 psig, DOT 4BA400 or DOT BW400.
- R-410A systems should be charged with liquid refrigerant. Use a commercial type metering device in the manifold hose when charging into suction line with compressor operating
- Manifold sets should be minimum 700 psig high side and 180 psig low side with 550 psig low-side retard.
- Use hoses with minimum 700 psig service pressure rating.
- Leak detectors should be designed to detect HFC refrigerant.
- R-410A, as with other HFCs, is only compatible with POE oils.
- Vacuum pumps will not remove moisture from oil.
- Do not use liquid-line filter driers with rated working pressures less than 600 psig.
- Do not leave R-410A suction line filter driers in line longer than 72 hours.
- Do not install a suction-line filter drier in liquid line.
- POE oils absorb moisture rapidly. Do not expose oil to atmosphere.
- POE oils may cause damage to certain plastics and roofing materials.
- Wrap all filter driers and service valves with wet cloth when brazing.
- A factory approved liquid-line filter drier is required on every unit.
- Do NOT use an R-22 TXV.
- Never open system to atmosphere while it is under a vacuum.
- When system must be opened for service, recover refrigerant, evacuate then break vacuum with dry nitrogen and replace filter driers. Evacuate to 500 microns prior to recharging.
- Do not vent R-410A into the atmosphere.
- Observe all warnings, cautions, and bold text.
- All indoor coils must be installed with a hard shutoff R-410A TXV metering device.

Table 11 – Troubleshooting Chart

| 0.000  | Table 11 – Houbleshooting Chart   |   |  |  |
|--|---|---|--|--|
| SYMPTOM  | CAUSE   | REMEDY  |  |  |
|  | Power failure   | Call power company  |  |  |
|  | Fuse blown or circuit breaker tripped   | Replace fuse or reset circuit breaker   |  |  |
| Compressor and condenser fan will not start.   | Defective contactor, transformer, or high-pressure, loss-of-charge or low-pressure switch | Replace component   |  |  |
|  | Insufficient line voltage   | Determine cause and correct   |  |  |
|  | Incorrect or faulty wiring  | Check wiring diagram and rewire correctly   |  |  |
|  | Thermostat setting too high   | Lower thermostat setting below room temperature   |  |  |
|  | Faulty wiring or loose connections in compressor circuit                                  | Check wiring and repair or replace  |  |  |
| Compressor will not start but condenser fan runs   | Compressor motor burned out, seized, or internal overload open                            | Determine cause. Replace compressor.  |  |  |
| Tulis  | Defective run/start capacitor, overload, start relay                                      | Determine cause and replace   |  |  |
|  | One leg of 3-phase power dead   | Replace fuse or reset circuit breaker<br>Determine cause                                    |  |  |
| Three-phase scroll compressor makes excessive noise, and there may be a low pressure differential. | Scroll compressor is rotating in the wrong direction                                      | Correct the direction of rotation by reversing the 3-phase power leads to the unit.         |  |  |
|  | Refrigerant overcharge or undercharge   | Recover refrigerant, evacuate system, and re-<br>charge to capacities shown on rating plate |  |  |
|  | Defective compressor  | Replace and determine cause   |  |  |
|  | Insufficient line voltage   | Determine cause and correct   |  |  |
| Compressor cycles (other than normally satisfying thermostat).                                     | Blocked condenser   | Determine cause and correct   |  |  |
| isrying thermostaty.   | Defective run/start capacitor, overload or start relay                                    | Determine cause and replace   |  |  |
|  | Defective thermostat  | Replace thermostat  |  |  |
|  | Faulty condenser-fan motor or capacitor   | Replace   |  |  |
|  | Restriction in refrigerant system   | Locate restriction and remove   |  |  |
|  | Dirty air filter  | Replace filter  |  |  |
|  | Unit undersized for load  | Decrease load or increase unit size   |  |  |
|  | Thermostat set too low  | Reset thermostat  |  |  |
| Compressor operates continuously   | Low refrigerant charge  | Locate leak, repair, and recharge   |  |  |
| ,  | Mechanical damage in compressor   | Replace compressor  |  |  |
|  | Air in system   | Recover refrigerant, evacuate system, and re-<br>charge                                     |  |  |
|  | Condenser coil dirty or restricted  | Clean coil or remove restriction  |  |  |
|  | Dirty air filter  | Replace filter  |  |  |
|  | Dirty condenser coil  | Clean coil  |  |  |
| Excessive head pressure  | Refrigerant overcharged   | Recover excess refrigerant  |  |  |
|  | Air in system   | Recover refrigerant, evacuate system, and recharge  |  |  |
|  | Condenser air restricted or air short-cycling   | Determine cause and correct   |  |  |
|  | Low refrigerant charge  | Determine cause and correct  Check for leaks, repair, and recharge.                         |  |  |
| Head pressure too low  | Compressor IPR leaking  | Replace compressor  |  |  |
|  | Restriction in liquid tube  | Remove restriction  |  |  |
|  | High heat load  | Check for source and eliminate  |  |  |
| Excessive suction pressure   | Compressor IPR leaking  | Replace compressor  |  |  |
|  | Refrigerant overcharged   | Recover excess refrigerant  |  |  |
|  | Dirty air filter  | Replace filter  |  |  |
|  | Low refrigerant charge  | Check for leaks, repair and recharge  |  |  |
|  | Metering device or low side restricted  | Remove source of restriction  |  |  |
| Suction pressure too low   | Insufficient evaporator airflow   | Increase air quantity Check filter–replace if necessary                                     |  |  |
|  | Temperature too low in conditioned area   | Reset thermostat  |  |  |
|  | Outdoor ambient below 55°F (12.7°C)   | Install low-ambient kit   |  |  |
|  | Filter drier restricted   | Replace filter  |  |  |
|  | ·   | 1   |  |  |

## START-UP CHECKLIST

(Remove and Store in Job Files)

| I. PRELIMINARY INFORMATION   |
|--|
| MODEL NO.:   |
| SERIAL NO.:  |
| DATE:  |
| TECHNICIAN:  |
| II. PRESTART-UP (Insert check mark in box as each item is completed)                           |
| ( ) VERIFY THAT ALL PACKING MATERIALS HAVE BEEN REMOVED FROM UNIT                              |
| () REMOVE ALL SHIPPING HOLD DOWN BOLTS AND BRACKETS PER INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS              |
| () CHECK ALL ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS AND TERMINALS FOR TIGHTNESS                                |
| ( ) CHECK THAT INDOOR (EVAPORATOR) AIR FILTER IS CLEAN AND IN PLACE                            |
| () VERIFY THAT UNIT INSTALLATION IS LEVEL  |
| () CHECK FAN WHEEL, AND PROPELLER FOR LOCATION IN HOUSING/ORIFICE AND SETSCREW TIGHTNESS       |
|  |
| III. START-UP  |
| ELECTRICAL   |
| SUPPLY VOLTAGE   |
| COMPRESSOR AMPS  |
| INDOOR (EVAPORATOR) FAN AMPS   |
| TEMPERATURES   |
| OUTDOOR (CONDENSER) AIR TEMPERATUREDB  |
| RETURN-AIR TEMPERATURE DB WB   |
| RETURN-AIR TEMPERATURE DB WB COOLING SUPPLY AIR DB WB HEAT PUMP SUPPLY AIR                     |
| HEAT PUMP SUPPLY AIR   |
| ELECTRIC HEAT SUPPLY AIR   |
| PRESSURES  |
| REFRIGERANT SUCTIONPSIG, SUCTION LINE TEMP*  |
| REFRIGERANT DISCHARGE PSIG, LIQUID TEMP†   |
| ( ) VERIFY REFRIGERANT CHARGE USING CHARGING CHARTS  * Measured at suction inlet to compressor |

Replaces: 51801200403

<sup>†</sup> Measured at liquid line leaving condenser.